COORDINATED ENTRY POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Sonoma County Homeless Coalition

A "No Wrong Door" Approach for Housing for All People Experiencing Homelessness



Coordinated Entry Policies and Procedures

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CA-504 Santa Rosa/Petaluma/Sonoma County CoC

Coordinated Entry System (CES) Overview

Coordinated Entry is a streamlined system for accessing housing to end homelessness and is required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for all Continuums of Care (CoCs) as stated in 24 CFR 578.7 (a) (8) of the Continuum of Care Program Interim Rule. Coordinated Entry in Sonoma County follows a Housing First approach for all participating projects and prioritizes individuals, families and transition-aged-youth for housing for those with the highest vulnerability and needs.

Coordinated Entry is the primary process for assessing severity of needs and ensuring that people can receive assistance in a timely fashion. Utilization of the VI-SPDAT as the standardized assessment tool, with additional local scoring metrics, as well as full geographic coverage, enables providers to ensure those experiencing homelessness have equal access to housing and resources.

All CoC and ESG funded projects are required to participate in and accept referrals only from Coordinated Entry. Coordinated Entry covers the entire geography of the Sonoma County Continuum of Care and is the primary Access Point for referrals for Permanent Supportive Housing, Rapid Re-housing, and other housing projects that are required or choose to participate in CES.

Sonoma County CES Vision

The vision of the CES is to provide assessment, prioritization, and matching of people experiencing homelessness to housing and supportive services in the most transparent, person-centered, equitable, and trauma-informed way possible.

Governance

The Sonoma County Department of Health Services as Lead Agency provides funding to the Coordinated Entry Operator, HomeFirst. Primary oversight of the CE System is performed by the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition Board. The Homeless Coalition Board shall be responsible for final approval of all CE policies and procedures, and shall approve revisions to these Policies and Procedures.

The Homeless Coalition Board shall be responsible for adopting any revisions of the CE system based on recommendations from the Homeless Coalition's Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee. The Homeless Coalition Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee shall review CE data and direct feedback from individuals assessed through CE through the CE Performance Evaluation Report prepared quarterly by HomeFirst. The Homeless Coalition Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee assists the Homeless Coalition Board with annual evaluation of the CE System.

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On November 2, 2021, the Homeless Coalition Board released a request for proposals for a new CE operator. HomeFirst was chosen as a result of that review process and on April 1, 2022, the CE operator transitioned from Catholic Charities to HomeFirst.

Feedback is also solicited from quarterly public review of the Performance Evaluation Report.

Coordinated Entry Participation Requirements and Nondiscrimination Compliance

HUD guidance released in January 2017 requires all projects receiving HUD funding to participate in their local CE system. Any project that receives HUD funding (CoC Program, Emergency Solutions Grants) as well as CDBG-funded public services grants must comply with CE participation requirements as established by the local CoC. Recipients and subrecipients of these programs must comply with the nondiscrimination and equal opportunity provisions of Federal Civil Rights including Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and Title III of the ADA.

Coordinated Entry Cooperating Agencies

Cooperating agencies include agencies not *required* to participate in Coordinated Entry but that have agreed to participate in order to improve access, flow, and implementation of Coordinated Entry. These include Sonoma County Access Points and Partners (see <u>Types of CES Cooperating Agencies</u>) as well as homeless and housing providers that have entered into data sharing agreements with HMIS and actively engaged in CE and/or are entering and accessing data through the Sonoma County HMIS.

Coordinated Entry HMIS Vendor

Social Solutions is the HMIS vendor for the Homeless Coalition, and Efforts to Outcomes (EtO) is the software utilized for Coordinated Entry. The Sonoma County Department of Health Services is the lead agency for the Homeless Coalition and the Sonoma County HMIS, and is responsible for data quality and technical support. Additional information on the Sonoma County HMIS can be found here:

https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/community-development-commission/divisions/homeless-services/providers/sonoma-county-hmis

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Definitions

<u>Access Partner:</u> An agency that can provide initial assessment, housing problem solving, and crisis support, and direct a person experiencing a housing crisis to a Coordinated Entry System Access Point to complete the full CES Assessment.

<u>Access Point</u>: Access Points consist of Internal Access Points, External Access Points, and CES participating Housing Programs who provide the CES Assessment as defined in the "Types of CES Cooperating Agencies" chart below. The CES Operator generally seeks to support any site or program in the County who regularly sees homeless households to become an Access Point or Access Partner.

Assessor: An individual trained in completing the CES Assessment.

<u>CES Priority Group</u>: The group of participants who are likely to be referred to permanent housing within one month within each score range at any given time.

<u>Chronically Homeless</u>: A homeless individual with a disability living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter who has been homeless continuously for at least 12 months or on at least 4 separate occasions in the last 3 years as long as the combined occasions equal at least 12 months and each break in homelessness separating the occasions included at least 7 consecutive nights of not living in that situation. To be defined as chronically homeless, a person must be living on the street, in a safe haven, in a homeless emergency shelter, or in an institutional setting for less than 90 days at the time of eligibility determination.

Cooperating Agencies: Service providers who are required to or wish to participate in CE.

<u>Coordinated Entry Operator</u>: HomeFirst is the agency subcontracted with the Department of Health Services as Lead Agency for the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition, and provides staffing, serves as the contact for Coordinated Entry, and is empowered to manage all By-Names-Lists for Coordinated Entry.

<u>Emergency Services</u>: Emergency services include emergency shelters, transitional housing, and drop-in centers. These may operate as Access Points for Coordinated Entry.

<u>Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization</u>: The process by which Access Points may support their participant in gathering additional documentation that proves their prioritization for housing according to the community prioritization standards, beyond the Standardized Assessment Tool.

<u>Homeless Management Information System (HMIS):</u> HMIS is the centralized data system in the Homeless Coalition. All agencies participating in Coordinated Entry are required to utilize the HMIS system, Efforts to Outcomes, and undergo training in HMIS policies and procedures, except for Victims Service Providers. All CE By Names Lists are maintained in HMIS, and all referrals are made through HMIS with accompanying emails for verification that referrals are received.

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<u>HMIS Administrator</u>: The Sonoma County Department of Health Services is the Homeless Coalition's HMIS Lead. All agencies participating in Coordinated Entry are required to utilize HMIS. The CE Operator maintains all waiting lists for housing and emergency shelter in HMIS, and the waiting lists are viewable by cooperating agencies.

<u>Homelessness Prevention</u>: Participants may contact 211 or the Access Points or partners for information on homelessness prevention programs.

<u>Lead Agency</u>: The Sonoma County Department of Health Services (DHS), serving as the collaborative applicant for the Continuum of Care, is designated as the Lead Agency for Coordinated Entry planning and project management. The SCDHS receives a Continuum of Care funded grant as well as local funding for Coordinated Entry and subcontracts with the Coordinated Entry Operator.

<u>Participants or Households:</u> Individuals and families that meet categories 1 and 4 of the federal definition of homelessness according to 24 CFR Parts 92, 582, and 583, the Homelessness Emergency and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act Final Rule Defining "Homeless," **and** are in need of permanent housing. Additionally, Transition-Aged-Youth that meet category 2 of the above regulations are counted as participants. Participants must be located within the geography of Sonoma County.

(https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HEARTH HomelessDefinition FinalR ule.pdf):

- "(1) Individuals and families who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and includes a subset for an individual who resided in an emergency shelter or a place not meant for human habitation and who is exiting an institution where he or she temporarily resided;
- (2) Individuals and families who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence;
- (4) individuals and families who are fleeing, or are attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member."

Category 2 is further defined as: "Households who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

- 1. Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;
- 2. No subsequent residence has been identified; and
- 3. The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing.

Note: Includes [TAY] who are within 14 days of losing their housing, including housing they own, rent, are sharing with others, or are living in without paying rent."

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(https://www.hudexchange.info/homelessness-assistance/coc-esg-virtual-binders/coc-esg-homeless-eligibility/four-categories/category-2/)

<u>Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)</u>: Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) is permanent housing in which housing assistance (e.g., long-term leasing or rental assistance) and supportive services are provided to assist households with at least one member (adult or child) with a disability in achieving housing stability. PSH is an intervention that combines affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services and is prioritized for those who are chronically homeless.

Rapid Rehousing (RRH): Rapid re-housing rapidly connects families and individuals experiencing homelessness to permanent housing through a tailored package of assistance that may include the use of time-limited financial assistance and targeted supportive services. The core components of the RRH program are housing location, move-in assistance, short to medium-term rental assistance, and ongoing case management.

<u>Standardized Assessment Tool</u>: The VI-SPDAT, TAY VI-SPDAT, and Family VI-SDPDAT, along with additional questions that Sonoma County uses to initially determine housing needs and prioritization.

<u>TAY:</u> Transition Aged Youth. Youth 18-24 and 6 months.

<u>Warm Handoff</u>: A warm handoff is defined as a process where a person or organization helps transition a participant from one service provider or agency to another in a caring and supportive manner with the consent of the participant. A warm hand off occurs with the participant present, unless the participant declines or is otherwise unable to attend. The information that is shared is intended to ensure that the receiving supportive service provider is aware of the needs and desires of a participant. Warm hand-offs work best when the participant is present to clarify or correct the information that is shared. If the participant is not present during the warm handoff, the receiving case manager will verify the information with the client to ensure completeness and accuracy. Warm handoffs can occur virtually.

Types of CES Cooperating Agencies:

Туре	Description	Minimum Standards
Information Sharing Partner	An agency that is part of the CES/HMIS release of information for coordination purposes, but does not complete assessments.	Signs the Information Sharing Partner Agreement and completes the Information Sharing Partner
	Examples: A government agency supporting or coordinating regional case conferencing or By-Name-List efforts.	Ethics and Confidentiality Training with the Lead Agency.

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Туре	Description	Minimum Standards
		Completes the CES Overview
		Training.
		Must be a legal entity.
Access Partner	An agency that can provide initial assessment,	Provides an initial
Access raither	housing problem solving, and crisis support,	diversion/housing problem solving
	and direct a person experiencing a housing	screening, assessing homeless
	crisis to a Coordinated Entry System Access	status and immediate needs (not
	Point. Able to access HMIS CES programs in	CE Assessment Tool; stages 1-2 of
	most cases. May participate in CES Case	the CE Assessment)
	Conference.	
		Possesses working knowledge of
	Examples: An Access Partner may include some	other CES Access Points and
	volunteer organizations, homeless service	provides warm hand-off (phone
	providers, or medical providers with limited	call, email) to participants who are
	capacity for full screening but who encounter	seeking the CES Assessment to the
	people experiencing homelessness regularly.	appropriate Access Point.
		MOU not required. When CES
		HMIS access is granted, must
		complete HMIS Ethics and
		Confidentiality Training with Lead
		Agency and submit HMIS User Agreement.
		Agreement.
		Completes CES Access Partner
		Training with CES Operator.
		The second secon
		Must be a legal entity.
External Access	External Access Points provide the full CES	Provides the CE Assessment to all
Point	Assessment to ALL participants who present to	participants seeking it within 3
	them seeking CES Access within their	business days of the request:
	"catchment" area, regardless of location that	
	individual spends most of their time in,	Housing problem solving
	enrollment status in the Access Point provider's	2) Crisis navigation and
	programs, or population type. External Access	connection
	Points that are dedicated to one of the 5 HUD	 Standardized Assessment Tool
	allowable subpopulations (see HUD Subpopulation Access below) may conduct a	4) HMIS Data Entry
	warm handoff to connect the individual to an	responses into HMIS
	appropriate External Access Point. CES	5) Collection of potential
	Assessment can occur over the phone or in	eligibility documents
	The phone of the	6) Enhanced Assessment

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Туре	Description	Minimum Standards
	person. It may be provided by appointment	
	only or as drop-in capacity.	Participates in CES Case
		Conferencing.
	Examples: An Access Point may include a	Must sign MOU with Lead Agency.
	homeless services drop in center, outreach	Must complete CES Access Point
	team, or shelter that has the capacity to offer	Trainings Part 1 and 2 with the
	CES Assessment to non-shelter-stayers who	CES Operator, the HMIS Ethics and
	present to them seeking it.	Confidentiality Training with the
		Lead Agency, and submit the
		HMIS User Agreement.
		Must be a legal entity.
Internal Access	Internal Access Points are only required to	Offers and completes the CES
Point	provide the CES Assessment to their own	Assessment to participants they
	served participants.	serve within 5 business days of
	served participantes	contact:
	Examples: An emergency shelter that is not	
	able to support walk-ins, or a street outreach	Housing Problem Solving
	team whose geographic "catchment" area	Conversation
	changes day-by-day and is not able to respond	2) Crisis Navigation and
	to individual CES Assessment requests.	Connection
		3) Standardized Assessment
		Tool
		4) HMIS Data Entry
		5) Collection of Potential
		Eligibility Documents
		6) Enhanced Assessment
		Refers households who present
		seeking the CES Assessment and
		cannot be enrolled by the Internal
		Access Point to External Access
		Points.
		Participates in CES Case
		Conference.
		Must sign MOU with the Lead
		Agency
		Must complete CES Access Point Trainings Part 1 and 2 with the
		CES Operator, the HMIS Ethics and
		Confidentiality Training with the
		Lead Agency, and submit the
		HMIS User Agreement.
		Must be a legal entity.

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Housing Programs are required to provide the CES Assessment to participants they are exiting into homelessness. They are required to participate fully in the CES process as outlined in the MOU, including attending Case Conferencing. 1) Diversion/housing problem solving 2) Crisis navigation and connection 3) Standardized Assessment Tool 4) HMIS Data Entry 5) Collection of Potential Eligibility Documents 6) Gather Additional Evidence and Case Conference Must sign MOU with the Lead Agency Must complete Housing Provider	Туре	Description	Minimum Standards
Training and CES Access Point Trainings Part 1 and 2 with the CES Operator, the HMIS Ethics and Confidentiality Training with the	Housing	CES Housing Programs are required to provide the CES Assessment to participants they are exiting into homelessness. They are required to participate fully in the CES process as outlined in the MOU, including attending Case	Provides the CES Assessment to participants exiting into homelessness: 1) Diversion/housing problem solving 2) Crisis navigation and connection 3) Standardized Assessment Tool 4) HMIS Data Entry 5) Collection of Potential Eligibility Documents 6) Gather Additional Evidence and Case Conference Must sign MOU with the Lead Agency Must complete Housing Provider Training and CES Access Point Trainings Part 1 and 2 with the CES Operator, the HMIS Ethics and

Procedure for Adding New CES Cooperating Agencies

- 1. The entity seeking CES Cooperating Agency status (the "entity") shall submit the request to the CES Operator or Lead Agency.
- 2. The entity shall complete all required trainings and forms as outlined in the Types of CES Cooperating Agencies Minimum Standards above.
- 3. The Lead Agency shall have final approval of any new CES Cooperating Agencies, including adding them to the CES/HMIS Release of Information partner list.

Aspects of Coordinated Entry

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A. Planning

This document and accompanying materials ensure compliance with all stated HUD requirements for CE systems, as noted in HUD's "Notice Establishing Additional Requirements for a Continuum of Care Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System," "Coordinated Entry Core Elements" document and subsequent materials guiding CE system implementation. Sonoma's County CES was developed over several years and has been in operation prior to the stated HUD deadline in January 2018. A pilot Coordinated Intake project serving households with children experiencing homelessness has been operating since early 2015. This pilot was expanded to serving individuals and TAY throughout Sonoma County in September 2017.

In April 2019, the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition leveraged technical assistance from California's Dept. of Housing & Community Development (HCD) to have a third party, the Technical Assistance Collaborative (TAC) evaluate the local CE process. The evaluation resulted in a report with several recommendations, falling under the categories of HUD Compliance, CE Infrastructure, and CE Process Improvement.

On September 17, 2020, the Housing First and Coordinated Entry Task Group met and unanimously approved replacing the language of similar questions in the first version of the Standardized Assessment Tool to reflect the wording of those listed in version two of the VI-SPDAT.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, HUD released guidance for communities to adjust CES prioritization factors to prioritize persons experiencing homelessness, who are over 65 and/or have underlying health conditions that put them at greater risk for contracting COVID-19 and requiring hospitalization. In January of 2021, after months of analyzing the scoring of the Standardized Assessment Tool with IMDT, and two separate reviews by the Home Sonoma County Housing First and Coordinated Entry Task Group, the Homeless Coalition Board approved a series of recommendations that added more weight to the following scoring sections of the Tool: length of time experiencing homelessness, risks section/emergency services utilization, substance use, mental health, age and unscored questions regarding time spent in institutions and mobility issues. The changes to the Individuals tool scoring weights were added at that time, while the TAY and Family changes were not added till May 2022.

In January 2022, after approval by the Homeless Coalition Board, CES stopped managing referrals to non-permanent housing programs, including Emergency Shelter. As a result, all year-round Emergency Shelters were required to become Access Points.

When HomeFirst was selected as the new operator in April 2022, a recommitment to a "no wrong door system" was implemented in which Access Points provide all access and CES Assessments rather than a central operator. Homefirst also began a major system update planning and implementation process that took into account many of the recommendations of the April 2019 TAC CE Evaluation. This included an update to these Policies and Procedures in June 2022.

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HomeFirst gathered feedback from a variety of sources, including: listening sessions with Access Points and enrolling staff, and with housing providers; a digital survey that was distributed to the community; a meeting with the Lived Experience Advisory Board; presentations with the Homeless Coalition Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee and Homeless Coalition Board; and various individual meetings with community providers' leadership. Changes that resulted as a part of the change in operator and system update process included a fully transparent centralized case conferencing process for all housing referrals and a recommitment to a "no wrong door" access model. Additionally, HomeBase was brought in as a consultant to complete a "front-door assessment," and as part of that assessment sought feedback on options for the new CES Vision Statement. That statement is presented in this document.

The CES covers the entire geographic area claimed by the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition and is easily accessed by individuals and families seeking housing or services. The CES is well-advertised, utilizing flyers, website, social media, toll free number, regionally dispersed Access Points, street/encampment outreach teams and also fosters connection with mainstream services such as healthcare providers and emergency services/first responders.

Ongoing Policy and Procedure Updating

The quarterly CES Performance Evaluation (described in K. Evaluation) and annual Self-Evaluation, consists of quantitative data and qualitative feedback gathering from stakeholders and participants and at minimum quarterly review of these Policies and Procedures. This Evaluation shall result in ongoing recommendations for updates to these Policies and Procedures. Recommendations shall be reviewed for final approval by the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee and Homeless Coalition Board.

Coordination with Agencies Serving Victims of Domestic Violence

All CES Access Points must provide equal access to any individual or family escaping or attempting to flee domestic violence, sexual assault, data violence, stalking, or human trafficking. Such persons experiencing the aforementioned circumstances are provided opportunity to receive CES referrals for available services from either non-victim specific providers or victim service providers specializing in assistance to such persons fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence and/or sexual assault. Upon determining the household may be escaping or attempting to flee a violent situation, Access Points must also provide information and referral to the domestic violence hotline at (707) 546-1234.

<u>Coordination with Recipients of Emergency Solutions Grant Program Funds and System-Wide Written Standards</u>

Coordinated Entry collaborates with the Lead Agency, the HUD entitlement ESG Recipient and State ESG Administrative Entity, and all programs receiving ESG funds. Written program standards for all system components (RRH, ES, PSH) have been developed in collaboration with CoC/ESG-

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funded providers as well as other agencies not funded by CoC/ESG. These standards have been designed in accordance with <u>24 CFR 578.7(a)(8)</u> and are found online at:

https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/community-development-commission/divisions/homeless-services/providers/compliance

The SCDHS and Homeless Coalition support the CES Operator in ensuring participation of ESG projects and compliance with ESG standards.

Marketing and Outreach

The CES Operator in partnership with the Homeless Coalition manages CES marketing, which includes a website, social media, printed materials, toll free telephone number and informational events on CES. All such marketing efforts affirmatively market the CE System and Access Points to ensure equal access and opportunity to pursue housing services. The CES Operator is continuously engaged in outreach efforts to increase Access Points and Partners. The targeting of new partners is in part driven by the quarterly Performance Evaluation process.

Coordinated Entry information is currently located online on the Homeless Coalition Website at: https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/community-development-commission/divisions/homeless-services/get-help

The toll free Coordinated Entry # is (866) 542-5480 which provides recorded information on Access Points, emergency shelters, and a linkage to the domestic violence hotline. 211 also provides information on Access Points.

Nondiscrimination

The CES, Access Points and Cooperating Agencies must comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of federal civil rights laws, including the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as well as HUD's Equal Access and Gender Identity Rules, as applicable. Under these laws and rules, the following classes are protected from discrimination:

- Race
- Color
- Religion
- National origin
- Sex
- Actual or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity
- Disability
- Familial status
- Marital status
- Citizenship (or lack thereof)

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B. Access

Access Model and Accessibility

The Homeless Coalition strives to provide a "No Wrong Door" approach: any homeless family or individual shall be able to present at any homeless housing and service provider in the geographic area for linkage to Coordinated Entry. The CE Operator shall be responsible for developing new Access Points or Partners with all providers who regularly serve households experiencing homelessness.

Coordinated Entry Access Points shall be available in all 5 sub-regions of the Homeless Coalition's geographic area: Central Santa Rosa, Healdsburg/North County, Petaluma/South County, Sonoma Valley/Southeast County, and Guerneville/West County. CE Access Points are located in proximity to public transportation such as the SMART train and local bus routes in central areas of the County. All Access Points offer information on local public transit options. A toll free phone number is available for individuals to contact from any point in the County for information on Access Points and shelters.

Access Points are affirmatively marketed to eligible individuals and families regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, familial status, age, or disability, with a focus on those who are least likely to access homeless services.

In general, no individuals can be denied service at any Access Point in the Homeless Coalition's geographic area. However, individuals who are violent/threatening may be denied access, though all possible options shall be explored to provide access to CES that is safe for the individual and service provider. Sex offenders may also be denied access at family Access Points and individuals with active restraining orders may be denied access. Access Points that serve specific subpopulations (such as veterans, families, individuals with serious and persistent mental illness, etc.) must offer initial screening or linkage to a different Access Point within 24 hours via a warm hand-off (phone call/email).

All Access Points utilize a Housing First approach in the CE Assessment process. Participants may not be denied access to Coordinated Entry CE Assessment by a cooperating agency for any of the following reasons:

- Perceived barriers to housing
- Little to no income
- Active or history of substance abuse
- Domestic violence history
- Resistance to receiving services
- Type or extent of disability related services or supports needed

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- History of evictions or poor credit
- Criminal Record
- Lease violations or lack of rental history

The list of current Coordinated Entry External Access Points, including hours and contact information, can be found at: https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/community-development-commission/divisions/homeless-services/get-help

Access for Individuals with Disabilities & with Limited English Proficiency

All Access Points must ensure that physical locations are accessible to individuals with disabilities. If an Access Point is not accessible to individuals who use wheelchairs, the Access Point must ensure that the individual is provided immediate linkage to a physical space for entry into the CES, and work with the CE Operator to identify an alternative location.

Access Points must also ensure that physical locations provide an environment that is welcoming to people who are least likely to access homeless assistance. Participants shall be presented with choice in Access Points, and supported to enter the CES at the Access Point where they are most comfortable and likely to access assistance. If a participant identifies a preference for a specific Access Point, the Access Point they initially access shall provide linkage and/or a warm handoff to the preferred Access Point. Street outreach teams can complete the CES Assessment for individuals who are not able to access Coordinated Entry in person or who are not likely to engage in services.

Access Points offer Coordinated Entry materials in Spanish and also provide immediate linkage to resources in other languages upon the request of an individual accessing Coordinated Entry. Additionally, individuals with disabilities must be provided accommodation (such as assisted listening devices, etc.) in order to ensure effective communication. If an Access Point does not have the resources to ensure effective communication with individuals with disabilities, the Access Point shall contact the CES Operator for assistance.

Collaboration with Street Outreach and Virtual Entry

Homeless Coalition-funded outreach providers must act as a Coordinated Entry External Access Point, offering full access and assessment to the Coordinated Entry System. Grassroots street outreach programs are encouraged to be External Access Points, Internal Access Points, or Access Partners. Clients who present to Street Outreach teams shall, to the greatest extent possible, enter all individuals requesting or needing access to the CES. If due to staffing shortages or full caseloads the Street Outreach team does not have the capacity to enroll an individual presenting for service, the Street Outreach team will screen the participant for CE enrollment and refer them to an External Access Point. Street Outreach teams are trained on CES policies and procedures and offer

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the same standardized process as individuals who access CE at site-based Access Points. Street outreach teams have the capacity to complete the CE Assessment both through the internet and via phone. Access Points also have the capacity to enroll individuals virtually via phone.

Participants who are in the CES Priority Group will be prioritized for Homeless Coalition-funded street outreach caseloads for housing preparedness and document readiness services.

Hours of Operation

As a "No Wrong Door" system, the Coordinated Entry System can be accessed whenever Access Points themselves have hours of operation. Access to Emergency Services, including shelters, are not dependent on CES Hours of Operation.

HUD Subpopulation Access

HUD allows for 5 defined subpopulations to have separate access points and variations in assessment processes:

- Adults without children;
- Adults accompanied by children;
- Unaccompanied youth;
- Households fleeing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions (including human trafficking); and
- Persons at risk of homelessness.

In Sonoma County, only Unaccompanied youth (defined as Transition Aged Youth) and Households fleeing domestic violence have separate Access Points. Adults accompanied by children have Access Points that specialize in services for that subpopulation but also serve the general population. Regardless of which Access Point a participant presents to, that participant must be provided a CES Assessment or a warm-handoff to an Access Point that can provide the assessment.

Procedure:

- 1) If a member of one of the five subpopulations allowable by HUD accesses a general population Access Point, that Access Point shall offer the choice of completing the CES Assessment themselves (except for persons at risk of homelessness) or link the individual to the appropriate Access Point via a warm hand-off (phone call or email). The appropriate Access Point is defined in a chart in a future version of these Policies and Procedures.
 - a. The Family Justice Center (FJC) is the primary Access Point for individuals and families who are fleeing/attempting to flee domestic, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and who are seeking shelter, services, and housing from non-victim services providers. If a household with a history of domestic violence

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presents to any other Access Point, they shall offer to connect that household to FJC or continue the CE Assessment themselves. The FJC also collaborates with the YWCA and Verity, the primary victim services providers in the Homeless Coalition, to provide access to Coordinated Entry. To access either, participants can call the domestic violence hotline at (707) 546-1234.

- b. Any non-TAY household who is at risk of becoming homeless (Category 2) who accesses any Access Point or Partner shall be referred to a Homelessness Prevention agency. TAY participants who meet the definition of Category 2 may access the system at any Access Point available to them.
- 2) If a participant accesses an Access Point that is dedicated to one of the HUD-defined subpopulations (i.e. a single adult over the age of 25 seeks CE Assessment at a TAY defined Access Point), that Access Point will, at minimum, connect the participant to the appropriate Access Point via a warm hand-off (phone call or email).

Collaboration with Veteran Affairs (VA) and Veteran Partners

The VA and the primary SSVF provider, Nation's Finest, are both Cooperating Agencies in the CES. In 2022, Nation's Finest and the VA Clinic shall be the primary Access Points for veterans to enroll in CE.

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C. Assessment

The CES Assessment is a comprehensive process that supports households in identifying solutions to their immediate housing crisis and if necessary, adding them to the Coordinated Entry System By-Name-List. It shall be offered to all households in Categories 1 and 4 of the federal definition of homelessness (see Definitions above), as well as TAY who meet Category 2. It shall not be offered to those already enrolled in a CES-referred housing program who were referred to that program based on community prioritization standards. It consists of 6 steps:

- 1) Diversion/Housing Problem Solving Conversation
- 2) Crisis Navigation and Connection
- 3) Standardized Assessment Tool
- 4) HMIS Data Entry
- 5) Collection of Initial Eligibility Documents
- 6) Enhanced Assessment

<u>Assessment Timelines</u>

The CES Assessment shall be completed as soon as possible after contact with the Access Point. Assessments and contact information shall be updated by any Access Point whenever appropriate. The CES Assessments shall be completed in the order and manner that best meets participant needs while maintaining a standard assessment experience across all Access Points.

The steps of the CE Assessment do not necessarily have to be followed in order or in one sitting, though it is highly encouraged. In particular, the Crisis Navigation and Connection step shall occur whenever the need is identified if immediate safety is of concern. If a household presents with a domestic violence crisis, for example, the Access Point may find it most appropriate to connect the household to Domestic Violence crisis services first. Or, if a current emergency medical issue becomes clear any part of the CES Assessment, the Access Point shall stop the Assessment and call 911. In addition, the Diversion/Housing Problem Solving conversation can sometimes be most successful over many engagements, as a participant develops a trusting relationship with the provider. The HMIS Data Entry step can occur on its own or simultaneous to the Standardized Assessment Tool. Access Points are encouraged to provide the CES Assessment in the order and timeframe that best aligns with each household's needs, as long as <u>all</u> parts of the Assessment are provided. Steps 2 - 4 shall occur within 3 days of contact with an External Access Point and within 3 days of service beginning at an Internal Access Point.

The CE Operator shall work with agencies to fit the CES Assessment in with their existing intake processes to encourage participation, while maintaining a standard CES Assessment experience across the system. The CES Performance Evaluation Report shall measure variations in experience between different Access Points through participant feedback gathering and comparative analysis to ensure all households across the system have access to the same standard of CES Assessment.

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Procedure:

- 1) The CES Assessment shall be completed within 3 business days of the participant requesting it from an External Access Point, or offered and completed within 3 business days of the participant presenting. It shall be offered and completed within 3 business days of a participant accessing services with an Internal Access Point, and within 24 hours of discharge into homelessness from a Housing Program.
 - a. In circumstances when trust needs to be built with a participant or if the participant prefers to not complete an initial VI-SPDAT, more time shall be taken before conducting an assessment. The participant shall be enrolled in the CES HMIS program, if they consent and case notes documenting the reason for the delay shall be entered.
- 2) Assessments can and shall be updated as contact information or life circumstances change.

Trauma-Informed Assessment Practices

Regardless of the order or timeframe in which the CE Assessment is administered, CES Access Points shall utilize information gained throughout the Assessment to complete the rest of the Assessment. For example, if a household tells the Access Point that they have a history of recent arrests in the Diversion/Housing Problem Solving conversion, they shall reference that information again when completing the relevant questions to arrest history on the Standardized Assessment Tool. They shall always ensure they are informing the participant when they do so, and offer opportunity to answer the question differently. This practice assists assessors in ensuring the Standardized Assessment Tool is as accurate as possible, and reduces possible re-traumatization that can occur when participants are required to repeat the same information.

Enhanced Assessment

CES is designed to fully assess the needs and vulnerabilities of participants. The Standard Assessment Tool may not produce the entire body of information necessary to fully understand those needs and prioritize them for the appropriate housing intervention. This may be because of the nature of self-reporting, trauma response to the tool, or circumstances outside the scope of assessment questions that pertain to the community prioritization standards. In these instances, Access Points shall collect additional documentation to supplement the Standardized Assessment Tool. This may include medical evidence, clinical assessment, or the SPDAT, including observational data. Additional optional training on Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization will be offered to Access Points.

Participant Right of Refusal

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Participants may refuse to answer assessment questions. However, doing so may limit the participant's possible permanent housing and service opportunities if the questions that are not answered are related to eligibility criteria for specific programs. The CES Assessment does not require that the participant share information about a specific disability if the participant does not wish to do so. Specific disability information is only used to determine whether the person is eligible for a certain program.

Participants may also refuse to sign a CES or HMIS ROI, or to answer the identifying questions in the HUD Entry Assessment for the CES HMIS program enrollment. In these cases the Access Point can complete the De-Identifiable Enrollment process, in accordance with the Sonoma County HMIS Policies and Procedures and the publication "How to Anonymously Enter a Client into HMIS, found here: https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/community-development-commission/divisions/homeless-services/providers/sonoma-county-hmis
It is recommended that Cooperating Agencies develop their own Policy and Procedure for safely maintaining records that link de-identified client codes to identifying information in a central location and accounting for staff transition after a de-identified CES Assessment has been completed. When these clients are referred to housing, it is important that the Access Point be able to contact the client and ask if they wish to be connected to the housing provider they have

<u>Assessment Location</u>

All Access Points shall have a confidential, private space to conduct the VI-SPDAT and to identify any potential safety issues that may affect participants (such as trauma, victimization, domestic violence, trafficking, etc.). If an Access Point does not have a confidential space, the Access Point shall work with the CE Operator to identify an alternate location.

Assessment Fair Housing and HIPAA Compliance

been referred to, at any point after CES Assessment is completed.

CES Assessment procedures follow federal Fair Housing Laws for protected classes such as race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, familial status, disability, actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity or marital status. Data shall be protected by the HMIS database/cooperating HMIS agencies and only shared as allowed for based on the consent of the participant.

HUD Subpopulation Assessment

Persons At-Risk Of Homelessness

There are not currently any homelessness prevention projects that require referrals through CES.

Households Fleeing Domestic Violence

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The Family Justice Center provides confidential access to CE, and individuals presenting at that site or at YWCA received the CES Assessment by either, but are enrolled into the CE HMIS programs anonymously by the FJC. Victims are also offered immediate access to the confidential Safe House with the YWCA based on availability. Those fleeing domestic violence who seek access and assessment at a non-Domestic Violence dedicated access point shall be offered the opportunity to be assessed at either. Any provider completing the CES Assessment with a participant or household fleeing domestic violence shall offer to enroll the participant in HMIS anonymously with a De-Identifiable Enrollment. The detailed procedure for doing so is included in the CES Access and Assessment training and in the Sonoma County HMIS Policies and Procedures and publication "How to Anonymously Enter a Client into HMIS", found here: https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/providers/sonoma-county-hmis

Any household or participant fleeing domestic violence, even if entered into HMIS anonymously, shall not have notes entered that include references to the domestic violence situation.

Other Subpopulations

Individuals, Families, and TAY each receive their own version of the Standardized Assessment Tool. Individuals receive the VI-SPDAT, Families receive the Family VI-SPDAT, and TAY receive the TAY VI-SPDAT

CES Standardized Assessment Tool Score Disclosure

The score that is generated from the Standardized Assessment Tool shall not be disclosed to anyone outside of the CES Release of Information list of agencies, including the participant. The score is just one factor in the overall prioritization procedure, and as such can give an incomplete idea of "ranking" to those outside of CES Case Conferencing. In addition, given the volatility of available housing at any one time and the CES By-Name-List itself, the score is not a reliable method of predicting time from assessment to referral, and disclosure of such can incorrectly influence participants' efforts to problem solve their own housing crisis. Finally, disclosure of score can encourage participants to answer questions with the goal of a certain score, rather than with the honestly required to accurately assess needs and vulnerability.

CES Assessment Procedures

CES Assessment step 1) Diversion/Housing Problem Solving Conversation

A Diversion/Housing Problem Solving conversation is the first stage of CE Assessment at all Access Points to determine an appropriate service plan. Diversion seeks to limit unnecessary entry into CES and Shelter/Housing Services.

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- 1) Participants shall be provided information about what the CE system is, how it works, the grievance and accommodation procedures and their rights as a participant, including a flyer found in Appendix 1. The assessing staff shall introduce the goals of the CE Assessment, including: assisting the household in identifying immediate housing solutions such as a family or friend, or connecting with a crisis service such as an emergency shelter; utilizing the CE Standardized Assessment Tool if no housing solution can be identified; and collecting additional documents and follow up.
- 2) The household shall be provided education about possible wait times before being referred to a traditional housing intervention such as Rapid Rehousing or Permanent Supportive Housing. Transparency about eligibility and about how the homeless services system works is critical when giving families and individuals choice about the options that may work best for them. Families and individuals will be eligible for some services and not others. Assisting individuals in understanding system navigation empowers them to find and make choices about the support and services they will be eligible for, and to find what will assist them in achieving housing stability.
- 3) The assessing staff shall then complete the Diversion/Housing Problem Solving conversation. They will:
 - a. Ask the participant to describe their current housing crisis in as much detail as they are comfortable and actively listen to their story.
 - b. They shall help the participant identify strengths, resources, connections, and skills they already have and could utilize to address their housing crisis.
 - c. If a solution is identified, they shall refer them to any mainstream benefits that would support that solution and assist them in creating an immediate plan for moving forward.
- 4) If a solution is not immediately identified, they shall move to the next stage of the CE Assessment, Crisis Navigation and Connection.
 - a. The Diversion/Housing Problem Solving conversation should ideally be revisited regularly throughout a participant's service plan with the Cooperating Agency.

CES Assessment step 2) Crisis Navigation and Connection

1) The Access Point shall assess for immediate crisis needs and provide resources to resolve those crises. These may include: health emergency, immediate risk of losing housing, need for emergency shelter, fleeing domestic violence, behavioral health emergency, child safety risk, and adult self-neglect or abuse. This step can occur at any point in the CES Assessment

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as crisis needs come up. When the crisis is identified, if it is not a housing crisis that can be resolved through the Diversion/Housing Problem Solving step, the Access Point shall immediately offer to connect the individual to the appropriate resource. Access Points will be provided a flyer of common crisis resources at the CES Access and Assessment training and will be provided updated flyers ongoing.

For any connection to a crisis service, the Access Point is encouraged to complete a "warm handoff". The Access Point shall ask the participant permission to relay the information already gathered during the CE Assessment and do so if permission is granted. This will reduce the need for the participant to tell their story multiple times and possibly cause retraumatization.

Crisis resource connection may include but is not limited to:

- a. Connection to Medical or Behavioral Health Crisis Services: Access Points shall assist the participant in calling 911 if there is a medical emergency. For behavioral health emergencies, they shall call the inRESPONSE team in Santa Rosa: 707-204-9756. Outside of Santa Rosa for behavioral health emergencies, they should call the Sonoma County Behavioral Health Mobile Support team at (707) 565-6900.
- b. Suicidal Ideation or Risk: If the participant expresses thoughts of suicide, they should be encouraged to call the North Bay Suicide Prevention Hotline at (855) 587-6373 or the National Suicide Prevention Hotline at 800-273-8255. The Access Point shall call 911 if they have assessed an immediate suicide risk and the participant is not willing to call a suicide prevention hotline. They shall ensure the participant stays within sight before emergency responders arrive.
- c. Connection to Domestic Violence Resources: When a participant reveals a history of domestic violence at a Coordinated Entry Access Point, the Access Point shall offer linkage to emergency services with the Homeless Coalition's primary domestic violence provider and the Family Justice Center, the designated Access Point for victims of domestic violence. The Access Point shall offer the participant the choice of continuing with the CES Assessment at the current Access Point, or at the Family Justice Center.

When a homeless participant presents for services at the primary domestic violence provider and/or the Family Justice Center, the provider shall complete the CES Assessment.

d. Connection to Homelessness Prevention Resources: If the Access Point learns that the presenting household is not currently literally homeless but will immanently

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lose their housing, they may refer them to a Homelessness Prevention provider, if such resources are available in the community.

- e. Connection to Emergency Shelter: Participants shall be provided with the current flyer of emergency shelters published by the Lead Agency. Access Points are highly encouraged to assist the client in calling the shelter of their choice to inquire about availability.
- f. Adult Protective Services: If the participant is an adult 65+ or a dependent adult age 18+ who is experiencing abuse, neglect, exploitation or self-neglect, the Access Point shall file an Adult Protective Services report at 1 (800) 667-0404.
- g. Child Protective Services: If minor children are at risk, the Access Point shall call Child Protective Services at 1 (800) 870-7064.

CES Assessment step 3) Standardized Assessment Tool

- 1) After completion of steps 1 and 2 of the CE Assessment, the Access Points will:
 - a. Collect a new CES ROI;
 - b. Complete the Standardized Assessment Tool. Sonoma County CES utilizes VI-SPDAT, TAY VI-SPDAT, and Family VI-SPDAT, along with a series of local questions, as its Standardized Assessment Tool. The VI-SPDAT is a brief survey that can be conducted to quickly determine whether a client has high, moderate, or low acuity and vulnerability. These are taken into consideration with other factors to determine housing and services prioritization. The correct Tool to be used is defined as follows:
 - VI-SPDAT: Used for all single adults over the age of 24 years and 6 months.
 Couples without children shall each receive a VI-SPDAT;
 - ii. TAY VI-SPDAT: Used for Transitional Age Youth between the ages of 18-24 and 6 months;
 - iii. Family VI-SPDAT: Used for families with minors who are in custody of the adult(s) more than 50% of the time; this shall only be used for family units with a maximum of 2 adults, and any additional adults shall receive the VI-SPDAT;

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- c. Throughout the administration of the Tool, the Access Point shall reference information already gained through previous knowledge, observation, or the rest of the Assessment to assist the participant in answering the questions. If the Access Point already knows the answer to a question, they shall ask permission to use information already gathered in answering the question.
- d. The participant may choose not to answer any or all of the questions on the Standardized Assessment Tool. If this happens, the Access Point shall reiterate the participant's right to refuse to provide any information, but explain that not answering may affect the CES' ability to refer to the most appropriate housing intervention to meet the participant's needs.
- e. The Access Point shall not disclose the score to anyone outside of the CES Release of Information list of agencies, including the participant.
- f. The Standardized Assessment Tool shall be updated if:
 - Life changes occur that will significantly impact the score, such as emergency room visits, hospitalizations, learning about a new diagnosis, and involvement in the child welfare system, or juvenile detention center encounters;
 - ii. The Access Point assesses that previous answers were incorrect and the household is willing to update them with the correct information.
 - iii. To update the tool, the Access Point shall copy the previous HUD Touchpoint and only change the individual answers as needed, rather than readministering the tool in its entirety.

CES Assessment step 4) HMIS Data Entry

- 1) After completing the Standardized Assessment Tool, the Access Point shall enter the collected information into HMIS. Much of this step may occur after the assessor is no longer meeting with the household, or it could happen simultaneously as the Standardized Assessment Tool is being completed. The steps for this are as follows:
 - a. Ensure that the participant has a current HMIS ROI, collecting if none are updated, and uploading this and the CES ROI into the CE HMIS program;
 - b. Enroll the participant in HMIS if they are not currently, and following Homeless Coalition procedures to do so.

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- as many forms of contact information as possible, including phone number, email, secondary contact information, frequent locations visited, and professional contacts.
- d. Enroll the participant and complete the HUD Entry Assessment in the relevant CES program as follows:
 - i. CES-Individuals: All single adults over the age of 24 and 6 months are enrolled individually as Head of Household.
 - CES-TAY: Enroll Transitional Age Youth between the ages of 18-24 and 6 months.
 - If the Transition Aged Youth meets the Category 2 definition of homelessness, the Access Point will immediately email the CES Operator of the enrollment.
 - iii. CES-Families: Enroll only the Head of Household for each family. A minor child must be in the family to qualify for this CES HMIS program.
- e. Enter the answers to the Standardized Assessment Tool into HMIS.
- f. Enter a case note describing the outcome of all other steps of the CES Assessment.
- 2) If a participant wishes to complete the CES Assessment but does not wish to sign a CES or HMIS ROI or does not want to provide identifiable information, they can be entered into the system anonymously with a De-Identifiable Enrollment. The detailed procedure for doing so is included in the CES Access and Assessment training and in the Sonoma County HMIS Policies and Procedures and publication "How to Anonymously Enter a Client into HMIS", found here: https://sonomacounty-hmis.
 - a. The Access Point shall maintain a written record linking the name and contact information of the participants who elect to use the De-Identifiable Enrollment procedure to the code generated as part of the procedure.

CES Assessment step 5) Collection of Initial Eligibility Documents

1) At point of initial CES Assessment and ongoing, the Access Point shall collect copies of program documentation that verifies potential eligibility criteria for housing programs the participant may be referred to. Access Points shall collect initial documentation available to

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the participant at point of Assessment, and within staffing availability support the participant in collecting ongoing documentation. This may include, but is not limited to:

- a. Homelessness verification letters
- b. Documentation of disabling condition from a qualified medical provider, or SSI/SSDI letter
- c. Veteran status verification (DD214, VA disability verification)
- d. Prison release paperwork
- e. ID and Social Security Card
- f. Income verification (note: if referral occurs long after the CES Assessment, these documents may need to be recollected at point of housing enrollment.)
- g. Service Animal/emotional support animal documentation (if applicable)
- h. Birth Certificate
- i. MediCal Card
- j. CalFresh Card
- k. Copy of housing voucher (if applicable)
- 2) All documents collected shall be uploaded into the participant's CES HMIS program dashboard.

CES Assessment step 6) Enhanced Assessment

1) The Access Point may observe evidence that contradicts the answers provided by the participant on the Standardized Assessment Tool, indicates that the participant's needs would be better met in a different intervention than the Standardized Assessment Tool suggests, or that the score does not accurately represent the vulnerability of the participant. If this is the case, the Access Point shall collect medical or other documented evidence to support the alternative assessment. If the Access Point only has observational evidence, they may complete the SPDAT in place of (or in addition to) documented evidence.

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- a. A training will be offered quarterly on how to use the SPDAT in Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization.
- 2) The Access Point shall upload the medical evidence or the SPDAT scoring sheet with notes completed into the CES program in HMIS, following participant consent policies.
- 3) The Access Point shall attend the next CES Case Conference and present the evidence they have collected. They shall follow the procedures named in D. Prioritization: Enhanced Prioritization.

D. Prioritization

The Homeless Coalition shall use data collected through the CES Assessment to prioritize participants within the Homeless Coalition's geography for Rapid Rehousing (RRH), Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) and other participating permanent housing projects.

Community Service Needs/Vulnerability Prioritization Standards

The prioritization standards are intended to connect participants to housing in order of high severity of needs to low, in accordance with HUD notice CPD-16-11, *Prioritizing Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness in PSH*, and CPD-17-01, *Notice Establishing Additional Requirements for a Continuum of Care Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System*. Sonoma County Homeless Coalition measures participants' severity of needs and vulnerability using the following factors, ordered by relative weight in making prioritization decisions for housing:

Individuals Service Needs/Vulnerability Prioritization Standards			
Priority	Vulnerability Indicator	VI-SPDAT Sections or Questions	
1	Vulnerability to illness or death	Physical Health	
2	Severity of behavioral health challenges or functional impairments, including any physical, mental, developmental, substance use or behavioral health disabilities regardless of the type of disability, which require a significant level of support in order to maintain permanent housing (this factor focuses on the level of support needed and is not based on disability type)	Substance Use, Mental Health, and Mobility	
3	High utilization of crisis services/ emergency services	Risks/ Emergency Service Utilization	
3	Length of homelessness	Homelessness/Housing History	
4	Number of years above 60 in age	Age	

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5	Vulnerability to victimization and/or lack of strong support	Socialization
	system	
6	Institutional utilization	Justice and Foster Care
		History

^{*}High utilization of crisis services/emergency services and length of homelessness are prioritized equally.

Families	Families Service Needs/Vulnerability Prioritization Standards		
Priority	Vulnerability Indicator	F-VI-SPDAT Sections or Questions	
1	Severity of behavioral health challenges or functional impairments, including any physical, mental, developmental, substance use or behavioral health disabilities regardless of the type of disability, which require a significant level of support in order to maintain permanent housing (this factor focuses on the level of support needed and is not based on disability type)	Substance Use, Mental Health, and Mobility	
2	High utilization of crisis services/ emergency services	Risks/ Emergency Service Utilization	
2	Length of homelessness	Homelessness/Housing History	
3	Vulnerability to victimization and/or lack of strong support system	Socialization, Children, Family Unit	
4	Vulnerability to illness or death	Physical Health	
5	Number of years above 60 in age	Age	
6	Institutional utilization	Justice and Foster Care History	

^{*}High utilization of crisis services/emergency services and length of homelessness are prioritized equally.

Transition Aged Youth Service Needs/Vulnerability Prioritization Standards			
Priority	Vulnerability Indicator	TAY-VI-SPDAT Sections or	
		Questions	
1	Severity of behavioral health challenges or functional	Substance Use, Mental	
	impairments, including any physical, mental,	Health, and Mobility	
	developmental, substance use or behavioral health		
	disabilities regardless of the type of disability, which		
	require a significant level of support in order to maintain		
	permanent housing (this factor focuses on the level of		
	support needed and is not based on disability type)		
2	High utilization of crisis services/ emergency services	Risks/ Emergency Service	
		Utilization	

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2	Length of homelessness	Homelessness/Housing History
3	Vulnerability to victimization and/or lack of strong support system	Socialization
4	Institutional utilization	Justice and Foster Care History
4	Vulnerability to illness or death	Physical Health

^{*}High utilization of crisis services/emergency services and length of homelessness are prioritized equally and Institutional utilization and Vulnerability to illness or death are prioritized equally.

These factors are captured in the Standardized Assessment Tool through the Total Prioritization Score and CES Assessment procedure.

Total Prioritization Score and CES By-Name-List

The community-wide prioritization list (known as the "By Names List") includes homeless individuals, transition aged youth, and families who have been assessed and prioritized for housing. This list is maintained by the CE Operator in HMIS, and is visible to other cooperating agencies, in HMIS. These lists are updated on a daily basis; separate lists exist for individuals, families, and transition-aged youth.

The Total Prioritization Score is the score resulting from the Standardized Assessment Tool. It is a baseline reflection of severity of service needs defined by community prioritization standards, with those with the most severe needs scoring a 9 or above.

Procedure:

- 1) The Total Prioritization Score shall be generated by adding additional weight to the VI-SPDAT, Family VI-SPDAT, and TAY VI-SPDAT assessment sections to reflect the community prioritization standards.
- 2) The Individuals, TAY, and Family CES By-Name-Lists shall be generated within HMIS by listing all participants who have completed the CES Assessment in order of Total Prioritization Score, separated by the CES HMIS program they are enrolled in and type of VI-SPDAT completed.
- 3) Each CES By-Name-List shall be ordered by Total Prioritization Score, from highest score to lowest, to be in alignment with HUD regulation that the most severe service needs are prioritized first.

Prioritization for Permanent Supportive Housing

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Households are prioritized for PSH based on vulnerability and prioritization in HUD notice CDP-16-11, modified to include domestic violence status where doing so does not conflict with CDP-16-11:

- 1st priority: Chronically Homeless households or households fleeing domestic violence with Severe Service Needs.
- 2nd Priority: Homeless households with a Disability with Severe Service Needs.
- 3rd Priority: Homeless households with a Disability Coming from Places Not Meant for Human Habitation, Safe Haven, or Emergency Shelter Without Severe Service Needs.
- 4th priority: Homeless households with a Disability Coming from Transitional Housing.

"Severe service needs" in this prioritization ranking are measured by the Total Prioritization Score, or the Enhanced Prioritization procedure.

Households shall be categorized as 1st priority above if they will likely meet the definition of Chronic Homelessness (see **Definitions**) by the time they are projected to be enrolled in the project they are being referred to and meet all other criteria of the priority group. This applies to both prioritization and housing project eligibility considerations for the purposes of CES referral screening.

Housing programs are required to document homeless history and disability according to their contracted requirements only. PSH referrals follow prioritization ranking procedure based on known homeless history and disability status at CES Case Conference, as well as projects' specific eligibility criteria, including chronic homelessness status.

Procedure:

- Participants who are referred to Permanent Supportive Housing (see definitions) shall be included in the current CES Priority Group (see definitions) based on the highest Total Prioritization Score on the CES By-Name-Lists or meeting community prioritization standards through Enhanced Prioritization, and meeting the definition of Chronic Homelessness.
- 2) When every participant meeting requirements above in #1 are removed from the CES By-Name-Lists due to receiving housing or other reasons, those in the HUD second priority level shall be prioritized. Participants who are referred to Permanent Supportive Housing shall be included in the current CES Priority Group based on the highest Total Prioritization Score *above* 9 on the CES By-Name-Lists or meeting community prioritization standards through Enhanced Prioritization, *and* having a disability.
- 3) When every participant meeting requirements above in #1 and #2 are removed from the CES By-Name-Lists due to receiving housing or other reasons, those in the HUD 3rd priority shall be prioritized. Participants who are referred to Permanent Supportive Housing shall

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be included in the current CES Priority Group based on the highest Total Prioritization Score below 9 on the CES By-Name-Lists or meeting community prioritization standards through Enhanced Prioritization, and having a disability.

- 4) When everyone meeting requirements above in #1, #2 and #3 are removed from the CES By-Name-Lists due to receiving housing or other reasons, those in the HUD 4th priority level shall be prioritized. Participants who are referred to Permanent Supportive Housing shall be included in the current CES Priority Group based on the highest Total Prioritization Score on the CES By-Name-Lists or meeting community prioritization standards through Enhanced Prioritization, and who are coming from Transitional Housing where prior to residing in the transitional housing had lived in a place not meant for human habitation, in an emergency shelter, or safe haven, and have a disability.
- 5) All remaining participants on the CES By-Name-List must have documented case notes in the CES HMIS program showing attempts to prove chronic homelessness, or the requirements of the current prioritization stage, before moving to the next prioritization stage listed above.

Prioritization for Rapid Rehousing

Non-TAY-Dedicated Rapid Rehousing

Participants who receive referrals prioritized according to community standards and scoring between 4 and 8 on the Total Prioritization Score shall be prioritized for Rapid Rehousing services first before moving to scores below 4.

Procedure:

- 1) Participants who are referred to Rapid Rehousing shall be included in the current CES Priority Group (see definitions) based on the highest Total Prioritization Score on the CES By-Name-Lists, 8 and under.
- 2) Exceptions shall be made to those who are brought to CES Case Conferencing for Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization. See Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization under E. Referral for details.

TAY-Dedicated Rapid Rehousing

TAY-dedicated Rapid Rehousing openings are dynamically prioritized based on participant preference for the most vulnerable TAY. TAY-dedicated Rapid Rehousing programs shall utilize the Progressive Engagement Transfers policy and procedure to transfer participants to PSH when necessary.

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Procedure:

- Participants shall be who are referred to TAY-dedicated Rapid Rehousing shall be included in the current CES Priority Group based on the highest Total Prioritization Score on the TAY CES By-Name-List.
- Exceptions shall be made to those who are brought to CES Case Conferencing for Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization. See Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization under E. Referral for details.

Prioritization for Other Housing Projects

There are housing projects that come online from time to time that do not meet the definition of either RRH or PSH, but provide housing to persons experiencing homelessness and receive referrals through CES. Examples include permanent housing vouchers or units targeted to the homeless population that do not include additional case management support. These projects shall still prioritize those with the most severe service needs first in alignment with HUD Notice CPD-17-01, while also taking into account an appropriate level of service needs for the services provided by the project. Factors that shall be taken into account include:

- Case management case-load, if any
- On-site or off-site case management
- Case management/property staff focus and training
- Case management/property staff hours of operation

Procedure:

- 1) When permanent housing projects that will receive referrals from CES are being developed that do not meet the definitions of RRH or PSH, the Coordinated Entry Operator shall meet with the agencies involved in the project, including the Housing Authority when relevant, to determine collaboratively the appropriate Total Prioritization Score range that will be prioritized for referrals to the project.
- 2) Within the determined Total Prioritization Score range, participants shall be included in the current CES Priority Group based on the highest Total Prioritization Score on the CES By-Name-Lists.
 - Exceptions shall be made to those who are brought to CES Case Conferencing for Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization. See Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization under E. Referral for details.

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3) The Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee shall be notified whenever score ranges are established or modified.

Enhanced Prioritization

Additional documentation of service needs and vulnerability may be collected during the Enhanced Assessment phase of the CES Assessment by trained staff. The documentation provided shall have been created by staff who have the professional ability to do so, e.g. licensed credentials.

The staff collecting the evidence for Enhanced Assessment shall present the evidence in a case presentation at the CES Case Conference. The CES Case Conference shall be utilized to make the final assessment as a community if a participant should be prioritized higher or lower than their Total Prioritization Score based on Enhanced Assessment evidence. Enhanced Prioritization shall follow Community Prioritization Standards, as well as prioritization standards established in HUD notice CDP-16-11 for PSH. For example, a person may score low in Total Prioritization Score, but if an outreach worker presents documented evidence of significant behavioral health and physical health disabilities, then the community may agree that the evidence presented clearly shows high vulnerability in the two most weighted prioritization standards and therefore should be prioritized for PSH. Conversely, a case may be presented for a PSH referral in which the only evidence for higher prioritization is an ID that shows someone is older than 90. Given the lower weight the community prioritization standards places on "years of age above 65", the community may decide this case should not be prioritized for PSH.

The community present at the CES Case Conference shall also include in the Enhanced Prioritization and Assessment a determination whether the available housing intervention will meet the needs of the participant being presented for Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization. For example, the additional assessment evidence may show that someone who scored a 7 on the Total Prioritization Score actually has very high emergency services utilization and long term mental health service needs, and the community may determine that the service needs will require longer term assistance than Rapid Rehousing can provide. Or, the Housing Mitigation Form (see **Appendix 7**) may show that a participant with a Total Prioritization Score above the RRH range can have their needs met successfully by a RRH program.

Procedure:

- 1) The Access Point or other provider shall present the additional assessment evidence collected as part of Enhanced Assessment at the CES Case Conference.
 - a. To prioritize a participant for a more intensive housing intervention (in cases where a participant's Total Prioritization Score is too low to capture their true vulnerability

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and service needs), these shall include additional documented evidence of vulnerability and service needs and the Enhanced Prioritization Form.

- b. To prioritize a participant for a less intensive housing intervention (in cases where a participant's Total Prioritization Score places them above a housing intervention range that would sufficiently meet their needs), the staff may complete a Housing Mitigation Form (see **Appendix 7**).
- 2) The community shall determine whether the evidence presented places the participant at highest priority for the available housing intervention based on the community prioritization standards.
 - a. The evidence presented must be in alignment with one or more of the community prioritization standards, with prioritization weight also following the standards.
 - b. Those present at the CES Case Conference must reach unanimous agreement to finalize any Enhanced Prioritization decision.
- 3) The referral shall be submitted according to the procedures in E. Referral.
- 4) If the referral is not successful for any reason, the participant shall maintain their prioritization status assigned through Enhanced Prioritization. They shall be referred to the next available housing opportunity that targets the assigned prioritization. A separate list shall be maintained by the CES Operator of all participants who have received and been referred according to Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization. Only additional Enhanced Prioritization consensus shall change that participant's prioritization status going forward.

Nondiscrimination

Data collected from the assessment process shall only be used to prioritize households for housing interventions and accompanying services based on vulnerability and length of time homelessness. Eligibility for housing is solely based on determining if a referral meets basic program requirements. The CE operator and all agencies receiving/accepting referrals from CE are prohibited from prioritizing or discriminating households based on a protected status such as race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, familial status, disability, actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

Participants may file a discrimination complaint or grievance using the procedures described in I. Accommodations and Grievances.

CES By-Name-List Management and Inactive Policy

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A participant shall remain on the CES By-Name-List until they are no longer eligible for CES due to homeless status, are outside Homeless Coalition geographic bounds with no planned date of return within 90 days, they voluntarily request to be removed, or there has been no contact with the system in 365 days. A participant shall remain "active" on the CES By-Name-List until there has been no contact with the system in 90 days, or all efforts have been exhausted in attempting to contact the participant.

Procedure:

- 1) CES Cooperating Agencies shall notify the CES Operator when a participant is no longer eligible for CES due to homeless status or leaves the Homeless Coalition geographic bounds with no planned date of return within 90 days, and the Operator shall exit the participant from the CES HMIS program and remove them from the CES By-Name-List.
- 2) Participants may contact any Access Point or the CES Operator directly and request to be removed from the CES By-Name-List. If this occurs at an Access Point, the Access Point shall notify the Operator of the request, who shall remove them from the list and the CES HMIS program.
- 3) The CES Operator shall remove from active status any participant who has not had known contact with a homeless program (outreach, shelter, safe haven, transitional housing, safe parking, CES) in the HMIS system for 90 days.
 - a. Wherever possible, the operator shall confirm with collaborative system partners who manage similar lists, including Sonoma County Behavioral Health and the Veterans By-Name-List, that the participant is no longer homeless in the community before making them inactive on the CES By-Name-List.
 - b. Fifteen days before making inactive the Operator shall reach out to known contacts of the participant in HMIS to inform them that participant will be removed if no touchpoint is added.
 - c. The Operator shall create an "inactive" tag for the participant when doing so which will remove them from the active CES By-Name-List.
- 4) The Operator shall add the inactive tag to any participant who has had a housing referral rejected because the community present at CES Case Conferencing has unanimously agreed that all efforts have been exhausted in attempting to contact the participant.
- 5) Any participant removed from the CES By-Name-List or made inactive may be re-added to the active list at any time with the same Total Prioritization Score when they make contact with the system and choose to be on the list again. They shall not be required to complete

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the CES Assessment again, though Access Points shall encourage them to update their assessment if significant life changes have occurred since the last Standardized Assessment Tool was completed.

Community Prioritization Coordination

The CE Operator and Lead Agency shall coordinate with other existing Master Lists in the community including, but not limited to, the By Names List of Homeless Veterans and any other multidisciplinary lists in the Homeless Coalition's geography.

The CES By-Name-List has the ability to be filtered for Veteran status, or suspected Veteran status. This filtered BNL is managed by the CES Operator and HUD-VASH Coordinator with the Santa Rosa VA Medical Center. The list is updated twice monthly by members of the Homeless Coalition's Homeless Veterans Committee. CES Operator staff members attend and provide updates to the BNL and cross-reference names on the BNL with other relevant information in HMIS. Veteran prioritization follows the same protocol for the three waitlists: single adults, families, and transition-aged youth.

Length of Time on Prioritization List

CE shall strive to offer every individual placement into the intervention of their choosing within 60 days of placement on the priority list. Additionally, supportive services and resources shall be offered to every participant as part of the first stage of the CE Assessment.

Ongoing CES Evaluation efforts shall drive updates to the community prioritization standards to more precisely differentiate and identify for housing those participants with the highest service needs and vulnerabilities, and reduce waiting time on the CES By-Name-Lists. This may include modifying the prioritization score ranges described above.

E. Referral

All referrals follow the prioritization standards, policies, and procedures described in D. Prioritization. All referrals, except those identified in D. Prioritization, shall be presented in CES Case Conference for approval. The CES Operator is the only entity authorized to generate or assign CES referrals.

Housing Availability

Housing Providers notify CES when an opening is available in a CES affiliated bed or unit in their program. If possible, advance notice is provided so as to minimize the length of vacancies. Housing Providers shall provide contracted eligibility requirements and updates to those requirements to the CES Operator, which shall be published on a Lead Agency web page.

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Dynamic Prioritization and Verified Contact Information

Referral decisions within a given "CES Priority Group" shall take into account participant ranked choice preferences between available housing options and shall only be made for participants who the community participating in CES Case Conference can identify has "Verified Contact Information" following the "Dynamic Prioritization" model. Dynamic Prioritization is a best-practice model of CES that organizes CES decisions in real time rather than trying to locate and find participants after referral. "Verified Contact Information" shall be defined as:

- Contact with the participant within the last month through a phone number or email address or secondary contact (provider must actually speak with primary participant); or:
- Physical location verified within the last week of data collection.

- Mid month, Operator shall send managers of relevant RRH and PSH programs a referral report indicating the number of referrals anticipated to be filled within the following month. RRH and PSH managers shall confirm or clarify the number of referrals needed within 48 hours.
- 2) The "CES Priority Group" shall be formed by comparing the number of available housing referrals within each intervention type and priority score range to the CES By-Name-List to create a group of participants who are likely to be receive a housing referral in the following month.
- 3) Operator shall send the subregional By-Name-List Leads a form filled with information on the relevant members of the CES Priority Group and the likely eligibility options identified.
- 4) Subregional By-Name-List Leads shall assign action items to provider staff in their subregion for staff to collect preferences out of available options, updated eligibility information, Verified Contact Information, and begin collecting eligibility documents.
 - a. Providers may also submit updated preferences or Verified Contact Information over the course of the month.
- 5) Subregional BNL leads respond back with information collected from staff with preference, eligibility information, and Verified Contact Information.

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- 6) First CES Case Conference of each month: Operator verifies collected information for the CES Priority Group and makes referrals based on preferences live in CES Case Conference session.
- 7) The Operator shall attempt to contact and identify Verified Contact Information and choices among housing options for any participant who is likely to be prioritized for housing in the following month but does not have a clear subregion, whom subregional outreach teams cannot contact, or who chooses not to work with any provider in their subregion. The Operator shall exhaust all options to contact the participant, which at minimum shall be defined as:
 - In person outreach or collaboration with regional outreach teams to search likely locations on at least 2 separate occasions, including at least once at a prepared meal distribution site in the referred participant's most recent known region if such a site exists.
 - o If a secondary contact is known, 1 attempt
 - For any known and in service phone number, 6 attempts, at different times of day, over at least 4 days
 - If possible, leave a voice message with call back info
 - Text each known and in service phone number at least 1 time
 - o Known email addresses, 1 attempt
- 8) In the event the Operator is not able to contact a participant, the participant shall be removed from active status on the CES By-Name-List following the <u>CES By-Name-List Management and Inactive Policy</u> until contact is made.

Uniform Referral Procedure

- 1) All housing referrals, except those identified below, shall be identified and unanimously agreed upon by the community present at the CES Case Conference. Exceptions are:
 - a. Participants referred to housing programs dedicated to survivors of or those fleeing domestic violence; see "Referrals to Housing Programs Dedicated to Survivors of or Those Fleeing Domestic Violence" below;
 - b. TAY participants meeting the Category 2 definition of homelessness; see "Referrals to Rapid Rehousing Programs with Category 2 Eligibility Criteria" below.

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- 2) Referrals shall be made based on community prioritization standards (see section D. Prioritization), initial eligibility, and the following standards:
 - a. Referrals shall be made based on preferences between available housing options that a participant appears to be eligible for.* This information is collected during the process outlined in the above Dynamic Prioritization and Verified Contact Information standards.
 - i. Participants within each CE subpopulation shall be offered referrals starting with the highest prioritized participant in the given intervention range first and shall proceed participant-by-participant down the Active CES BNL if they have Verified Contact Information, and there are housing opportunities they appear to be eligible for* and that they ranked as one of their choices.
 - ii. In the order described above, referrals for a given opportunity shall be sent for the participant who ranks that opportunity highest. Participants shall only receive one referral to a housing opportunity at a time.
 - b. Per each program opening, at CES Case Conference 1 primary referral shall be provided and, if the program chooses, 1 backup referral per opening.
 - i. If the pending referrals made at a previous CES Case Conference were found to be ineligible for CES (not meeting the homelessness eligibility, for example) or the participant refuses the referral, those referrals may be replaced by 1 corresponding additional referral, per referral, in between CES Case Conference. This procedure corresponds to a total of 4 referrals that may be possibly made per week per opening. These additional referrals shall be presented to the community at the following CES Case Conference, and retracted if for any reason they are not agreed upon as appropriate by the community present.
 - ii. Additional referrals per program opening shall only be made at CES Case Conference if there are no previously pending referrals per program opening.
 - c. Within any set of openings to a particular intervention type (PSH, RRH, and "Other") with eligibility criteria that can accept any subpopulation type (individuals, families, TAY), equal referrals shall be made from each subpopulation active CES By-Name-List. If there are an odd number of openings, priority shall be made for the subpopulation(s) with higher number of eligible participants on the relevant CES By-Name-List.

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- 3) The CES Operator shall submit all referrals agreed upon in CES Case Conference within 24 hours in HMIS to the relevant housing provider, along with a copy of the HMIS project history.
- 4) The housing provider shall be responsible for contacting the participant and offering to move forward with the referral.
 - a. Access Points and other community providers who are in contact with the referred participant have a role in supporting the housing provider in contacting the participant, within staffing availability.
- 5) Participants shall have 48 hours from the time they are offered a referral to a housing opportunity to accept or refuse. Housing providers shall exhaust all options to contact the participant to make their choice after initial contact.
- 6) The housing provider shall record all attempts to contact the participant when following up on a referral. Records of attempted contacts, contacts made and their disposition shall be recorded in the "Case Notes" of each participant's HMIS CES Dashboard.
- 7) Once the housing provider has verified eligibility (see "section H. Eligibility Documentation Roles and Responsibilities"), they shall accept the referral in HMIS.
 - a. If the housing provider cannot verify eligibility, they shall follow the "Rejection of Referrals" policy and procedure below.

Identical Ranking Tie-Breakers

Procedure:

- 1) If multiple participants in the same CES population within the CES Priority Group rank the same choice first for an available housing placement and all participants are eligible for that housing program, the referral shall be sent according to the following tie-breakers, in order:
 - a. The participant within the CES population who has the highest Total Prioritization Score or was prioritized using the Enhanced Prioritization standard;
 - b. The household that first presented for Access and Assessment in CE for a referral.

Referrals to Housing Programs Dedicated to Survivors of or Those Fleeing Domestic Violence

^{*}CES will not screen for eligibility criteria for Sonoma County Housing Authority, Santa Rosa Housing Authority, or income criteria for tax credit programs.

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Referrals to housing programs dedicated to survivors of or those fleeing domestic violence shall be made by phone between CES Operator and housing provider, and will not be presented at CES Case Conference, to ensure compliance with the Violence Against Women Act and protect participant confidentiality.

Referrals to Rapid Rehousing Programs with Category 2 Eligibility Criteria

Referrals to Rapid Rehousing programs with eligibility criteria that can include participants that meet the HUD Category 2 homelessness definition shall receive referrals outside of CES Case Conference to avoid increasing risk of those participants losing their housing due to the timely nature of their crisis.

Procedure:

1) The CES Operator shall submit a referral as soon as the operator is notified of both an opening in a program that can accept Category 2 participants and the assessment of a Category 2 participant onto the TAY CES By-Name-List, within business hours.

Referrals to Other Permanent Housing Programs with No Supportive Services

There are some projects referred through Coordinated Entry as a partnership with the Sonoma County Housing Authority that do not have supportive services attached and have more stringent eligibility check requirements and processes than many other projects. As a result, projects that fall under this category must receive more referrals than the Uniform Referral Process above to ensure units are filled on time. This need must be balanced with ensuring all referred participants in Coordinated Entry receive a similar referral experience no matter where they are referred and do not experience too many referral rejections, which can be traumatizing.

Procedure

- 1) Per each program opening at Other Permanent Housing Programs with no supportive services, at CES Case Conference 1 primary referral shall be provided, and if the program chooses, 2 backup referrals per opening.
 - a. This procedure shall replace 2.b. only above in <u>Uniform Referral Procedure</u>. All other procedures in Uniform Referral Procedure shall be followed.

Timely Referral Actions

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Participants referred to housing through the Coordinated Entry System shall benefit from timely action on the part of housing providers to allow them to move into the housing they have been referred to. When evaluating whether to request new referrals, housing providers shall consider their ability to take action on the referral within 30 days, including the following factors: staff and budget capacity, contractual obligations, and for site-based projects, the timeliness of the unit and subsidy becoming available. Action is defined as accepting the referral or documenting attempts to contact the referred participant. In general, housing providers should only request new referrals when they are confident they have capacity to accept the referral within 30 days. An exception is for large (ex. more than 10 units) new projects that need significant "ramp up" time to ensure all units can be moved into on the day of opening. For all projects, the housing provider shall document all contact or attempts to contact the participant to update them of timeline changes in the case notes of the participant's HMIS CES dashboard.

Procedure:

- a. After 30 days passing without the housing provider entering case notes documenting attempts to accept a referred participant or accepting the referral, and where the participant would be prioritized and eligible for more referrals with the probability of more timely movement into housing that meets their preferences, the CES Operator shall retract the initial referral.
- b. Any project with two or more instances of referral retraction (defined as referrals occurring in the same week) for the above reason within a one-year period shall not receive additional referrals until the housing provider and CES Operator meet and collaboratively identify the cause of the issue and actions to ensure referrals are acted upon in a timely manner in the future.
 - i. The CES Operator shall notify the Lead Agency of all instances of referral retraction due timeliness issues on the part of housing providers.

Rejection of Referrals

Only four standardized options are available for rejecting a referral from Coordinated Entry: the participant does not meet eligibility requirements, the project is not currently accepting applications, the participant has disappeared or is not able to be located, or the participant refused the housing offer. Providers may not reject a referral without a consensus approval of all parties present at CES Case Conference. Housing providers may request to reject a referral at any CES Case Conference subsequent to the referral being made.

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- 1) The Housing Provider shall record all attempts to contact participant when following up on a referral. Records of attempted contacts, contacts made and their disposition shall be recorded in the "Case Notes" of each participants' HMIS dashboard and electronic file.
- 2) Housing providers shall request to reject referrals by noon the day before CES Case Conference, to allow the request to be added to the agenda.
 - i) For referrals that providers wish to reject for the standard reason of "Unknown/Disappeared", there shall be a one week waiting period between request to reject the referral and presenting the referral rejection to CES Case Conference (step 3 below) to allow the CES Operator time to deploy CE Outreach and coordinate among providers known to be in contact with the referred participant. This one week waiting period may be waived at the discretion of the CES Operator.
- 3) All referral rejections must be brought to CES Case Conference and the reasons for rejection and attempts to accept the referral presented. They may request additional support or community expertise in moving forward with the referral. The rejection request will be voted on by all parties present at CES case conference.
 - a. After voting approval, the Housing Provider will reject the referral in HMIS and include a note of the reason why.
- 4) If a provider wishes to appeal a rejection decision made at CES Case Conference, they may present the case at the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee.

Rejection Standard: Does not meet eligibility requirements

• The Homeless Coalition maintains a public website with eligibility requirements for all projects in the Homeless Coalition's geographic area participating in Coordinated Entry. A housing provider may reject a referral only if the participant does not meet basic published eligibility requirements, inclusive of (when applicable) immediate safety risk or meeting activities of daily living (ADLs), or the provider has exhausted all options to document eligibility. Examples include single adults that were part of a family unit when assessed and have been referred to a families-only project, or non-veterans attempting to access SSVF funded units. An agency may not reject a participant on presumed "fit" in housing or shelter. An agency may not reject a participant due to barriers in documenting eligibility without exhausting all possible options first.

Rejection Standard: Program no longer accepting applications

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• If a program is no longer accepting applications, the referring agency and CE will work together to redirect the referral to another program within HMIS. This includes instances when a project serves multiple populations (ex: individuals and families) but only has openings for one population at a given type.

Rejection Standard: Unknown/Disappeared

- If referring agencies have exhausted all options to contact a referral, they may request to decline the referral as "unknown/disappeared." While all options must be exhausted, at minimum this is defined as:
 - In person outreach or collaboration with regional outreach teams to search likely locations on at least 2 separate occasions, including at least once at a prepared meal distribution site in the referred participant's most recent known region if such a site exists.
 - o If a secondary contact is known, 1 attempt
 - For any known and in service phone number, 6 attempts, at different times of day, over at least 4 days
 - If possible, leave a voice message with call back info
 - Text each known and in service phone number at least 1 time
 - Known email addresses, 1 attempt
 - Known contacts with other agencies within the last 90 days: housing provider must successfully get in contact with the agency. If no contact is able to be made, the provider can bring the case to CES Case Conference for support in making contact. This includes collaboration with outreach providers.

All attempts must be documented in the referred participant's HMIS profile in their CES program. To ensure quick movement of participants into available openings, the community present at CES Case Conference is highly encouraged to allow housing providers to reject a referral if they have exhausted all options to contact them and it has been 2 weeks since the referral was made, though each case should be considered with its own context. NOTE: Project Based Voucher units shall allow a minimum of 2 weeks from referral being made to rejection due to "Unknown/Disappeared".

Rejection Standard: Participant Refused Offer

• If a participant refuses a referral, the below "Right of Refusal" policy will be followed.

Right of Refusal

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Participants who reject a referral to housing, or who elect to be discharged from a housing provider prior to moving into permanent housing, shall maintain their place on the active CES By-Name-List with the same Total Prioritization Score they had prior to referral.

Procedure:

- 1) If a participant refuses a referral to housing, the reason shall be documented in CES HMIS case notes. The Housing Provider will bring the case to CES Case Conference to problem solve. The community present at CES Case Conference must vote to move forward in providing the housing opening to the next participant on the active CES By-Name-List.
 - a. After voting approval, the Housing Provider will "reject" the referral in HMIS and document the reason.
- 2) If a participant choses to discharge from a Housing Provider after enrollment but before being permanently housed, the Housing Provider will notify the CES Operator.
 - a. The participant will be returned to the active CES By-Name-List with the same Total Prioritization Score and offered the next alternative housing referral that meets their needs and that they meet eligibility for.
- 3) If a participant chooses one housing provider over the other in the case of multiple referrals for the same participant, the Housing Provider not chosen will reject the referral and email the CES Operator and the other Housing Provider to confirm the reason, and will not be required to seek approval for the rejection at CES Case Conference.

Retraction of Referrals

If a referral is made for any participant who is found to be ineligible for CES as described in the <u>CES By-Name-List Management and Inactive Policy</u> above, the referral shall be retracted by the CES Operator and the aforementioned Policy and Procedure shall be followed.

Public Eligibility Listing

All participating housing projects submit their specific enrollment eligibility requirements to the CE Operator and Homeless Coalition staff. This information is held on a public facing website that is easily accessed by individuals seeking housing throughout the Homeless Coalition's geographic area. Eligibility criteria include projects that have a specific focus, such as housing for veterans, housing for survivors of domestic violence, permanent supportive housing for individuals with serious and persistent mental illness, etc. The Continuum of Care Coordinator and Coordinated Entry Operator shall update the list on a quarterly basis for accuracy.

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Referrals to CoC/ESG-programs and Non HUD-funded Agencies

All CoC and ESG projects use <u>only</u> CE when accepting referrals to fill vacancies in housing funded by these sources.

Projects that do not receive HUD funding or who are not required to participate due to local priorities are encouraged to participate in Coordinated Entry but are not required to do so. Projects not participating in Coordinated Entry shall not have access to the CES Case Conference, nor shall they have access to the CE By Names List.

F. Transfers

On occasion the CE experiences a need for transfers between program types to better meet the preferences and needs of a household, or as an administrative function. A key component to any transfer process is an on-going assessment of the household's needs to determine whether the levels of service provided are appropriate or need to be increased or reduced.

A household may need to transfer to another program within the CES for a myriad of reasons including, though not limited to, changes to family composition, the defunding of an agency or program, or criminal record for state-mandated restrictions. A household may also wish to move from permanent supportive housing to a less-intensive service oriented housing or a household may require progressive engagement from rapid re-housing to permanent supportive housing. Finally, the Emergency Transfers may be necessary to protect survivors of domestic violence.

Emergency Transfer Plan

Where the client requests an internal emergency transfer, the program shall take steps to immediately transfer the client to a safe unit if a unit is available, or assist the client in locating more suitable housing. If an external program transfer is required, the participant shall be prioritized over all other referrals for the next available housing opportunity within the same program model, provided the participant meets all eligibility criteria. The participant shall retain their original homeless status for purposes of the transfer.

A client qualifies for an emergency transfer if:

- 1) The client is a survivor of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, human trafficking, assault, or stalking;
- 2) The client expressly requests the transfer; and
- 3) Either:
 - The tenant reasonably believes there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same dwelling unit that the tenant is currently occupying; or

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b) In the case of a tenant who is a victim of sexual assault, either the tenant reasonably believes there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same dwelling unit that the tenant is currently occupying, or the sexual assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the date of the request for transfer.

Procedure:

- 1) All applicable procedures in the Rapid Rehousing and Permanent Supportive Housing Standards regarding the Emergency Transfer Plan shall first be followed, including procedures regarding participant request of and communication about the Emergency Transfer Plan, and HMIS anonymity.
- 2) When an external transfer between programs is required, the housing provider shall immediately notify CES Operator staff of the need.
- 3) The Operator shall identify the next available program within the same program model, and when that program is accepting referrals the Operator shall convene a case conference (outside of the main CES Case Conference) to coordinate transfer, following applicable victim privacy protections and anonymity requirements.
- 4) CES Operator shall place the participant back on the active CES By-Name-List, anonymously if they chose, and make the referral within HMIS.
- 5) The new Housing Provider shall have 48 hours to accept the referral, coordinate warm handoff if needed, and complete the transfer. The outgoing Housing Provider may request a longer timeline if needed. The outgoing Housing Provider must provide the original eligibility documentation to the new provider. The new Housing Provider shall notify the CES Operator once completed and document the reason for the transfer.

Transfers between Programs within the Same Program Model

Transfers between programs within the same program model shall be prioritized above any other referral to ensure continuity of services.

Procedure:

1) When a current household must transfer to another program within the same program model (PSH to PSH, RRH to RRH) the provider must contact CES Operator ahead of CES Case Conference and request transfer, detailing the reasons why the household needs to be transferred.

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- 2) If the reason for transfer is administrative (change of eligibility, funding, or program structure) the transfer shall be prioritized first (or after any simultaneous transfers as a result of the above Emergency Transfer Plan for survivors of domestic violence) and presented for referral at the next CES Case Conference in which openings that meet the participant's eligibility are available.
- 3) If the reason for transfer is due to participant request or case management circumstances, the Housing Provider shall present the case at the next CES Case conference in which there are openings that meet the participant's eligibility. The community present at that CES Case Conference shall vote to approve or deny the transfer, and if approved, the referral shall be prioritized above any other referral within the intervention type.
 - a. If denied, the Provider or Participant may appeal the decision to the Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee of the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee.
- 4) If approved, the CES Operator shall place the participant back on the active CES By-Name-List and make the referral within HMIS within 24 hours of the CES Case Conference.
- 5) The new Housing Provider shall have one week to accept the referral, coordinate warm handoff, and complete the transfer. The outgoing Housing Provider may request a longer timeline if needed. The outgoing Housing Provider must provide the original eligibility documentation to the new provider. The new Housing Provider shall notify the CES Operator once completed and document the reason for the transfer.
- 6) The CES Operator shall remove the participant from the CES By-Name-List and discharge from the CES HMIS program, documenting in case notes that the transfer occurred.

Progressive Engagement Transfers

Participants in a lower scoring housing intervention may be progressively engaged to a higher scoring intervention if they are still in housing, to ensure housing stabilization progress is maintained and to avoid the re-traumatization of re-entering homelessness. This includes RRH to PSH, or in some cases RRH to Other Housing Projects that serve higher needs than RRH.

Progressive Engagement transfers must meet the eligibility requirements of the program being transferred to, and meet community prioritization standards for the program being referred to.

Progressive Engagement Transfers shall be prioritized above any other referral to ensure continuity of services.

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- 1) Progressive Engagements transfers shall begin with the Enhanced Prioritization procedure.
- 2) If approved, the CES Operator shall place the participant back on the active CES By-Name-List and make the referral within HMIS within 24 hours of the CES Case Conference.
- 3) It shall be the responsibility of the outgoing housing provider to complete eligibility documentation for the incoming provider.
- 4) The new Housing Provider shall accept the referral, coordinate warm handoff, complete the transfer, and notify the CES Operator.
- 5) The CES Operator shall remove the participant from the active CES By-Name-List.

Moving On Transfers

Participants in more service-intensive interventions can be transferred to less service-intensive interventions when it is appropriate for the participant's needs, the participant chooses to, and the eligibility criteria of the less service-intensive intervention allow for the transfer. This process, called a Moving On Transfer, opens opportunities for high service-intensive interventions, usually PSH, to go to new participants who have been assessed and prioritized as needing that intervention. These transfers also support independence and choice for those who are ready to and desire to move on from high intensity housing services. The process shall utilize CES Case Conference and the Housing Mitigation Form also used in Progressive Assessment and Prioritization. Those present at CES Case Conference shall assess whether the participant is housing stable in all ways but for ongoing rental support. Only participants successfully housed for at least two years shall be eligible for Moving On Transfers.

- 1) When Move On housing opportunities become available, CES Case Conference points of contact for housing providers with higher service needs interventions than the Move On opportunities shall be notified by the CES Operator. The providers shall be invited to assess their current caseloads for any participants who no longer need or want the intensive services offered but continue to need rental assistance to maintain their housing.
- 2) For any participants identified as strong candidates for a Move On Transfer, the provider shall present the potential Move On option to the participant. If the participant wishes to proceed, the housing provider shall complete the Housing Mitigation Form, as well as assess and provide the following information, including details if the answer to any of the following are "yes":
 - a. Does the participant owe any arrears for their rental portion?

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- b. Does the participant owe any arrears for their utility payments?
- c. Has the participant had any lease-violations in the last six months?
- d. Has the case manager had to intervene in any housing crisis in the last six months?
- 3) The provider shall provide the form and information a.-d. to the CES Operator ahead of case conference where the Move On housing opportunity will be presented for referral. The CES Operator shall invite points of contact from community providers who are familiar with the client case and are part of the CES/HMIS Release of Information structure to attend.
- 4) The housing provider shall present the case, including the form and information gathered, at CES Case Conference. The community present at that CES Case Conference shall vote to approve or deny the transfer.
- 5) If approved, the more service-intensive housing provider shall enroll the participant in the relevant HMIS CES Program without completing a new standardized assessment tool.
- 6) The CES Operator shall complete the referral in HMIS.
- 7) The housing provider receiving the Move On Transfer shall accept the referral in HMIS, coordinate warm handoff, complete the transfer, and notify the CES Operator.
- 8) The CES Operator shall discharge from the HMIS CES Program.

Compliance with Fair Housing Laws and Equal Access Rule

Referrals through CES follow all Federal, State, and local Fair Housing Laws. Participants may not be "steered" or directed to a particular housing type, facility, or neighborhood because of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or presence of children.

Cooperating agencies in must also comply with the HUD Equal Access Rule in accordance with their gender identity.

G. CES Case Conference

The CES Case Conference is the forum in which participant prioritization, referral, eligibility, transfer, and referral rejection decisions are made transparently and agreed upon by community members present.

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- 1) CES Case Conference occurs weekly.
- 2) Three business days prior to each CES Case Conference at 2 pm, the CES Operator will:
 - a. Confirm available openings with all Housing Providers.
 - b. Run the active CES By-Name-List report. Identify likely referrals based on current openings, Total Prioritization Score and if relevant, PSH prioritization, and known eligibility.
 - c. Contact known Access Point and Access Partner staff who have documented recent history in HMIS for likely referrals to inform them their participant may be referred to housing at the CES Case Conference and request their presence.
- 3) All those in attendance at the CES Case Conference shall be a staff of a Cooperating Agency listed on the HMIS and CES Releases. Staff attending shall be required to sign in and certify that they are staff of an HMIS and CES release Cooperating Agency.
- 4) At the CES Case Conference, new referrals shall be made following above E. Referral policies and procedures.
- 5) Housing providers shall have an opportunity to problem solve past referrals, and seek referral rejection approval if needed.
- 6) Participants who have not had system contact in 90 days shall be presented for removal from the active CES By-Name-List.
- 7) As time allows, housing providers shall have an opportunity to problem solve alreadyenrolled cases that are in danger of returning to homelessness.
- H. Eligibility Documentation Roles and Responsibilities

Many entities have a role in collecting eligibility documentation before, concurrently with, and after a referral is made. However, the ultimate responsibility for collecting all necessary eligibility documentation and verifying eligibility is with the housing provider. Specifically, the program providing housing case management is responsible for collecting eligibility documentation, unless specific contract, housing provider internal policies and procedures, or other written guidelines define the property management or subsidy provider as having that responsibility.

The roles associated with the collection of eligibility documentation are below, inclusive of, but not exclusive.

Coordinated Entry Policies and Procedures

Before Referral

- The eligibility documentation process begins at CES Assessment, during which the Access Point shall collect available documentation and within the bounds of staffing availability support the participant in collecting further documentation, and upload all documentation to HMIS.
- When a participant is likely to be referred to an available housing opening, in the days prior
 the CES Operator shall proactively notify points of contact at agencies that have served or
 have a relationship with the participant and are a CES Participating Agency, and ask them
 to attend the CES Case Conference and be prepared to discuss documentation needs. The
 Operator will also notify the By-Name-List Lead for the subregion the participant is in, who
 will assign actions to staff working with the participant in their subregion to also collect
 eligibility documentation.

Concurrent with Referral

- At CES Case Conference, providers that have served or have a relationship with the
 referred participant shall be invited to look up eligibility documentation in databases not
 available to the CES Operator or housing agencies, i.e. medical or justice databases. Within
 the bounds of applicable release of information agreements, these providers shall send
 relevant documentation to the housing provider.
- Providers that currently have a relationship with the referred participant shall be invited to CES Case Conference to assist the housing provider in contacting or locating the referred participant to collect eligibility documentation.
- The CES Operator shall send the housing provider the HMIS program history at the same time as the referral is made to support with homelessness or chronic homelessness documentation requirements.
- The CES Operator shall connect over email the housing provider with any known community providers who have had a relationship with the participant and could not attend the CES Case Conference where the referral was discussed.

After Referral

- The housing provider shall download previously uploaded eligibility documents from HMIS.
- The housing provider shall follow up with all other providers they have been connected to as needed. It is ultimately the responsibility of the housing provider to make contact with and collect eligibility documentation for the referred participant.
- Providers who currently have a relationship with the referred participant shall contact and coordinate with the housing provider when they encounter the participant during the eligibility documentation process, within the bounds of staffing limitations.

Coordinated Entry Policies and Procedures

I. Accommodations and Grievances

Documentation of Reasonable Accommodation Requests, and Enforcement Activities

Individuals can make requests for reasonable accommodations regarding their experience in CES to any CES staff member in any form, at any time. CES staff shall be available to assist individuals with requests for reasonable accommodations. Individuals making requests for reasonable accommodations must participate in assessment and an interactive process with staff for requested accommodations to be considered.

Reasonable Accommodations regarding housing provider activities and services would be reviewed by the housing provider.

A Notice of Rights must be provided to all applicants, participants, beneficiaries, and other interested persons. This notice shall inform individuals of their rights under disability nondiscrimination laws and the applicability of these laws to the CES entity's services, programs, and activities.

Coordinated Entry Operator staff shall be trained in ADA law and requirements.

- If at any point a participant indicates they wish to make a reasonable accommodation request regarding their experience in CES, Access Point staff shall contact CES Operator staff to receive the request.
- 2) CES Operator staff shall engage with the individual making the request. Data collection shall reflect relevant information on Reasonable Accommodation requests.
 - a) Data related to Reasonable Accommodation requests shall be entered into the Coordinated Entry System Case Management Touchpoints.
- Coordinated Entry Case Management Touchpoints shall be updated to show follow-up on efforts made to connect individuals with services in response to Reasonable Accommodation requests.
 - a) CES Staff's focus on identifying reasonable accommodations shall support access to all forms of permanent housing.
- 4) Documentation shall record the following:
 - a) The individual's stated disability or need for accommodation

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- b) The date and type of accommodation(s) requested or considered
- c) Whether the request was granted or denied
 - (1) Documentation of an accommodation request shall be recorded in the Coordinated Entry Contact Form Touchpoint to reflect the reasons for rejection or allowance.
 - (a) If an Accommodation is allowed, documentation shall reflect actions taken toward fulfillment of that request.
 - (b) In the event of a rejection of an accommodation request, documentation shall reflect the reasons for denial and any subsequent actions taken.
- 5) Approving and Providing Reasonable Accommodations
 - a) Once it is determined that a requested accommodation is reasonable and necessary, the need for this accommodation (not the person's diagnosis) shall be prominently documented in the person's HMIS dashboard and flagged to ensure that the accommodation is provided by any staff member handling the case or interacting with the individual.
 - i) Many accommodations, such as assistance completing an application, shall be provided on the same day they are requested. Other accommodations shall be provided in time to prevent any denial of equal and meaningful access to the entity's programs and services.
 - ii) While CES staff are permitted to grant accommodations to clients, they alone do not have the authority to deny or refuse accommodation requests.
- 6) CES Operator staff must provide notice to agencies receiving referrals of the accommodation needed for the participant.
 - a) Participant must meet initial eligibility requirements for the program and be prioritized for placement.
 - i) In the instance an ADA accommodated placement becomes available, agencies shall notify CES of the opening, and the highest prioritized individual requiring accommodations shall be referred over for placement.
 - b) Agencies have 72 hours to respond to CES accommodation request confirming receipt of request.

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Grievances

Participants have the right to file a grievance relating to their experience with CES without being discriminated against by any CES Participating Agency or the CES Operator and without fear of being denied services or access to CES. The grievance procedure provides an opportunity to have any CES-related concerns or rights violations investigated. There are multiple methods for submitting grievances, including:

- Handing or emailing a written grievance to any CES Access Point staff or CES Operator staff;
- Leaving a voicemail at the CES Operator call line at (866) 542-5480;
- Sending an email to CE@homefirstscc.org;
- Sending a letter to: HomeFirst Coordinated Entry, 507 Valley Way, Milpitas CA 95035;
 - This option provides an opportunity to submit an anonymous grievance if the participant wishes; to do so, the sender should put the same address as the return address and leave the grievance unsigned.

Procedure:

- 1) For the best chance of a successful investigation, grievances should be submitted within 48 hours of the issue occurring.
 - a) If the grievance is about non-CES staff or agency but related to a CES activity, the participant is encouraged to first utilize the internal grievance procedure of the agency where the grievance occurred.
 - b) If the grievance is related to CES Operator staff behavior but not related to CES processes, the CES Operator internal grievance procedure shall be followed.
- 2) Any grievance submitted to the CES Operator shall be investigated by the Operator.
 - a) If the grievance is submitted anonymously, the CES Operator shall make every effort to resolve it, but the investigation may be limited if important information is missing, such as identifying information.
- 3) The CES Operator shall investigate the grievance and respond in writing within 1 week of receiving the grievance.

<u>Appeals</u>

The appeals procedure shall be followed if a participant wishes to appeal the outcome of either a grievance investigated by the CES Operator or a reasonable accommodation decision made by the CES Operator. Appeals decisions are made by the Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee, a subcommittee of the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee made up of impartial representatives

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from community organizations and community members. Any member of the subcommittee with a conflicting interest (i.e. they are employed or volunteer for an organization where a grievance originated) shall recuse themselves.

Procedure:

1) Appeals should be submitted in within 48 hours of receiving the reasonable accommodation or grievance decision. The Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee may waive this timeframe. Appeals should be submitted to:

Thai Hilton Coordinated Entry Coordinator Sonoma County Department of Health Services **Homeless Services Division** 1450 Neotomas Avenue, Suites 115/120 Santa Rosa, California 95405 Thai.hilton@sonoma-county.org

Ph: (707) 565-4086

- 2) The participant shall be given a date and a time for the next Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee meeting and shall be invited to present their case. They are encouraged to bring an advocate if they wish.
- 3) The Shelter and Appeals Subcommittee shall respond in writing with a final decision within 72 hours of meeting.

J. Data Management

The HMIS is key to centralizing information to measure outcomes and determine client needs through Coordinated Entry. Not all stakeholders have direct access to HMIS. Throughout the Homeless Coalition, service provider agencies that directly interact with people facing homelessness actively use and contribute to the HMIS. All HMIS Lead personnel (including employees, volunteers, affiliates, contractors and associates), and all participating agencies and their personnel, are required to comply with the HMIS User Policy, Agency Participation Agreement, and Code of Ethics Agreement. All personnel in the CES participating agencies with access to HMIS must receive and acknowledge receipt of a copy of the Participation Agreement and receive training on this Privacy Policy before being given access to HMIS.

To comply with federal, state, local, and funder requirements, information about the homeless persons, their dependents, and the services that are provided to them, is required to be collected in the HMIS. When assistance is requested it is assumed that the client is consenting ("inferred consent") to the use of the HMIS to store this information. The participants have the right to

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explicitly refuse the collection of this information, and participating agencies are not permitted to deny services for this reason. However, such refusal may severely impact the ability of any participating agency throughout the CES to qualify the client for certain types of assistance or to meet their needs.

Data collection should not be confused with data sharing ("disclosure"). Participating agencies are required to provide the client with an opportunity to consent to certain disclosure of their information with CE and cooperating agencies, either in writing or electronically. If the client consents to the disclosure of their information, they enhance the ability of CES to assess their specific needs and to coordinate delivery of services for them.

To protect the privacy and the security of client information, the HMIS is governed by data access control policies and procedures. Every user's access to the system is defined by their user type and role. Their access privileges are regularly reviewed and access is terminated when users no longer require that access. Controls and guidelines around password protection and resets, temporary suspensions of User Access and electronic data controls are in place and are outlined in detail in the HMIS User Agreement.

Services shall not be denied if the participant refuses to allow their data to be shared, unless Federal statute requires collection, use, storage and reporting of a participant's personally identifiable information as a condition of program participation.

HMIS users shall be informed and understand the privacy rules associated with collection, management, and reporting of client data.

The CES Operator is responsible for maintaining data quality with the HMIS CES programs, including working with and training users accessing those programs on data quality.

Privacy Protections

The Homeless Coalition ensures adequate privacy protections of all participant information per the HMIS Data and Technical Standards (CoC Interim Rule – 24 CFR 578.7(a)(8). All providers participating in Coordinated Entry must undergo training provided by the HMIS Technician II and CES Operator before gaining access to the CES By-Name-Lists. Participant consent is obtained in a uniform written release of information and is stored in a secure location. If the participant agrees to data sharing on their release of information, that release of information shall be uploaded into the CES dashboard on HMIS. Participants are informed of all cooperating agencies who may have access to their information for purposes of referral through the CE process. All users of HMIS in cooperating agencies in CE are trained by the HMIS Administrator and CES Operator on data collection, management, and reporting.

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The Homeless Coalition prohibits denying services to participants if they refuse their data to be shared <u>unless</u> Federal statute requires collection, use, storage, and reporting of a participant's personally identifiable information as a condition of program participation. The Homeless Coalition only shares participant information and documents when the participant has provided written consent through the CES Release of Information.

Staff shall not share specific diagnoses nor domestic violence victim status of participants when entering data into the CES programs in HMIS or participating in CES Case Conference. CES Cooperating Agencies share information on a need-to-know basis to protect confidentiality and safety of participants (in accordance with the Violence Against Women Act), and Coordinated Entry Systems are prohibited from making prioritization decisions based on a particular disability or diagnosis (HUD Notice CPD-17-01).

Procedure:

- In the event of a data quality or privacy infraction pertaining to CES, including failing to upload a release of information for identifiable participants while entering new data, the CES Operator shall notify the staff responsible and their supervisor and request corrections be made.
- 2) In the event of additional infractions or lack of corrections to existing infractions within 1 week, the CES Operator shall notify the staff responsible, their supervisor, and the HMIS lead for the agency and offer additional training.
- 3) In the event of a 3rd infraction or lack of corrections to previous infractions, the CES Operator has the ability to revoke access to the CES programs in HMIS for the staff responsible. The supervisor, HMIS lead, and CES contact identified on the CES MOU shall be notified if so. The staff responsible shall be required to take the HMIS Ethics and Confidentiality training and any additional training identified by the CES Operator specific to the infraction before CES access is renewed.

<u>Collaboration with Homeless Service Providers and Mainstream Resource Providers</u>

The Homeless Coalition shares aggregate data from Coordinated Entry with mainstream resource providers such as Federally Qualified Health Centers as well as criminal justice stakeholders (Department of Probation) and other county stakeholders in the Department of Human Services, Health Services, and Behavioral Health.

Additionally, the Homeless Coalition collaborates with other multidisciplinary teams focused on high utilizers of system resources/utilizers of multiple systems in efforts such as IMDT. The Homeless Coalition provides aggregate data in these efforts; in some cases, a specific

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subpopulation or group may require client level data. In that case, additional written consent shall be required from participants.

K. Evaluation

On a quarterly basis, beginning in October 2022, the CES Operator shall complete a CES Performance Evaluation and monitor progress towards meeting the CES Vision and the goal of reaching "functional zero." The Performance Evaluation quantitative analysis shall measure three main areas on a quarterly basis: CES Performance Measures; Equity Analysis; and Geographic Gaps Analysis. Those areas shall include the following measures:

CES Performance Measures:

- Inflow, Recidivism and CES Assessment accuracy
 - o The number of individuals, families, and TAY being assessed each quarter;
 - The number and percentage of participants returning to the active CES By-Name-List after being removed or made inactive;
 - The number and percentage of participants returning to be reassessed after exiting to housing within six months, 6- 12 months, and 12-24 months.
 - This measure disaggregated by provider, housing intervention and originally assessed score.
 - Diversion successes tracked through provider reporting external to HMIS;

Outflow

- The number and percent of all individuals, families, and TAY entering permanent housing;
 - This measure disaggregated by intervention type;
- The number and percent of all individuals, families, and TAY entering permanent housing within 60 days of assessment;
- Average number of days from assessment to permanent housing for individuals, families, and TAY;
 - This measure disaggregated by intervention type;
- The number and percentage of all individuals, families, and TAY moved to inactive, disaggregated by destination and reason
- The number and percent of all individuals, families, and TAY receiving a referral to permanent housing;
- Average number of days from assessment to referral for individuals, families, and TAY;
- The number and percent of all referrals that are accepted and rejected for individuals, families, and TAY;
 - The measure of all referrals rejected disaggregated by provider and reason for rejection;
 - The number and percent of all referrals that are rejected by participant choice, disaggregated by provider and intervention type;
 - o Average number of days on CES By-Name-List for individuals, families, and TAY;

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CES Equity Analysis:

- The CES Performance Measures disaggregated by race, ethnicity, and gender;
- Comparison of initial assessment responses, especially disability responses, with external data as available, including Homeless Coalition housing program HMIS HUD Project Entry assessments;
- Comparison of population types (families, TAY, singles), disaggregated by race, ethnicity and gender, assessed, referred, and housed against PIT;

Geographic Gaps Analysis:

- Compare PIT data against the number of assessments completed in each geographic region;
 - This measure disaggregated by day of the week and time of completion, tracking trends in assessment availability;
- Compare number of assessments completed in each geographic region to housing placements in that region;
- Cross-analyze average assessment scores, utilization of Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization, and successful diversion outcomes by geographic location and Access Point;
- Survey Access Points to determine estimated number of known individuals who have not completed the CES Assessment.

The Performance Evaluation shall also consist of a qualitative evaluation consisting of a survey of Access Points seeking feedback and input on the system. This qualitative data shall consist of:

- Each quarter, feedback shall be collected from community providers through an online survey and in-person meeting on ongoing CES operations;
- On a bi-annual basis, the Operator also shall collect input and feedback from those experiencing or who have experienced the CES system. These surveys shall include questions about the CES Assessment experience;
- Trends in grievances submitted to the Operator about CES operations and voicemails and emails to the general CES inboxes shall be analyzed;
- At least annually, any Cooperating Agency who completes at least 50 assessments on an annual basis shall be "shadowed" by CES Operator staff as CES Assessments are being completed to ensure compliance to CES Assessment Policies and Procedures;

The Performance Evaluation shall result in a Performance Evaluation Report that will:

- Describe the efforts taken in the past quarter to address gaps and disparities identified in the previous quarter and respond to qualitative feedback from the previous quarter;
- Present the quantitative and qualitative data described above;
- Provide analysis of the quantitative and qualitative data presented, identifying further gaps and disparities;

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- Highlight successes, including individual provider highlights in their utilization and cooperation with CES;
- Recommend further actions for the Operator and Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee, including updates to these Policies and Procedures.

The Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee, consisting of impartial Homeless Coalition Board Members, individuals experiencing homelessness or who have experienced homelessness previously, and local subject matter experts, shall have the opportunity to review the Performance Evaluation Report each quarter, and confirm or make new recommendations to the Homeless Coalition Board. The Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee shall be invited to participate in a special session annually to complete the HUD CES Self-Assessment Tool. This tool shall be included in the corresponding quarter's Performance Evaluation Report.

The public shall be invited to provide feedback at the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee meetings or in writing to the CE Operator and Homeless Coalition Lead Agency.

- 1) Every quarter, the CES Operator and DHS Staff shall complete the CES Performance Evaluation and prepare a CES Performance Evaluation Report by the 15th of the month after the quarter end which shall be published on the Sonoma County Lead Agency website.
 - a. Bi-annually, participant feedback shall be gathered from current or former participants of CES through a survey. All survey information shall be kept confidential, and no personally identifiable information shall be recorded.
 - b. Annually, the Report shall include a HUD CES Self-Assessment tool completed in a special session of the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee. *
 - c. Every Cooperating Agency who completes at least 50 CES Assessments annually shall be "shadowed" by CES Operator staff on an annual basis to review compliance to these Policies and Procedures. Findings shall be provided to the Cooperating Agency and Lead Agency. Technical assistance and training shall be provided to the Cooperating Agency staff as needed.
- A quarterly meeting shall be hosted by the CES Operator of Access Sites staff to present the Report and collect feedback about the system operations. This feedback shall be analyzed and included in the following quarter Report.

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3) The Report shall be reviewed by the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee, who shall make recommendations to the Homeless Coalition Board based on the findings and analysis of the Report.

*HUD Self-Assessment found here: https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/5219/coordinated-entry-self-assessment/

L. Training

Access Point Training

To ensure that Access Point partner staff obtain the necessary guidance and direction, initial CES Access and Assessment trainings shall be carried out in two parts, which can occur separately or in one sitting. The initial two trainings shall be guided by the 6 Principles of Incorporating a Person Centered Approach described in HUD Notice CPD-17-01. The trainings shall be structured as follows:

- Coordinated Entry System Overview and Initial Assessment, including:
 - o CES Overview
 - System Flow
 - Community Prioritization Standards
 - o Homeless status eligibility
 - Policies and procedures
 - CES Grievances and discrimination complaints
 - Housing First
 - Trauma-Informed Assessment Practices
 - Safety in Assessment Practices
 - o CES ROI
 - o HMIS Search
 - Diversion/ Housing Problem Solving Conversation
 - Mainstream resources (such as 211, General Assistance, Cal-Fresh, SSI/SSDI, public legal services, and free employment services)
 - Domestic Violence Access
 - Crisis Navigation and Connection
 - CES By-Name-List Access
- Standardized Assessment Tool and Prioritization
 - Completing the Standardized Assessment Tools (VI-SPDAT)
 - HMIS Data Entry
 - HUD Touchpoints
 - Case Noting
 - Anonymous entries
 - o Collection of Initial Eligibility Documentation
 - o How Assessment Informs Prioritization

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- Enhanced Assessment
 - Enhanced Prioritization at CES Case Conference

The initial trainings shall be provided quarterly, with a shorter refresher training provided in a targeted fashion to sites requesting it or who have been identified through the Performance Evaluation Report as needing more support. All individual staff must undergo training prior to gaining access to Coordinated Entry in HMIS and the CES By-Name-Lists.

A more in-depth training on Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization shall be offered quarterly, with a focus on using observational data in Enhanced Assessment and Prioritization through the SPDAT.

New Access Points shall attend an individual consultation with the CES Operator to determine how to integrate the CES Assessment into the Access Point's existing intake process to ensure the CES Assessment is as trauma-informed as possible.

Training for agency staff serving as Access Points shall be held at minimum quarterly and more frequently as needed. Access Point staff are encouraged to complete the CES Access and Assessment training once a year.

Access Partner Training

To ensure that Access Partners have the tools they need to successfully assist participants in navigating the system, a training shall be provided when the agency agrees to become an Access Partner. This training shall consist of the first half of the Access and Assessment training Access Points receive, "Coordinated Entry System Overview and Initial Assessment."

Housing Providers Training

In addition, managers from Housing Programs accepting referrals from CES shall be required to attend a training on Accepting Referrals from CES, which includes the following topics:

- Notification of new openings
- CES Case Conference receiving new referrals
- Participant Choice in Housing Offers
- Due Diligence and Case Noting
 - CES Referral Standard Location Practices
- Problem Solving in CES Case Conference
 - o Referral Rejection Policies and Procedures
- CES Grievances and discrimination complaints
- HMIS referral acceptance process

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 Literally homeless or chronic homelessness documentation requirements based on provider being trained

Chronic Homelessness Verification shall also be offered as-needed to housing providers who must verify Chronic Homelessness for eligibility.

Additional CES Best-Practice Training Series

Optional in-person and/or virtual training opportunities on evidence-based practices shall be provided monthly to Access Points and housing provider staff. Trainings that CES Operator staff are not able to deliver shall be carried out through partnerships with local providers and outside technical assistance agencies with field-specific expertise. New training topics shall be identified through the Performance Evaluation Report process, as well as input from the Homeless Coalition Lived Experience Advisory Board. Each monthly training shall highlight a best practice from a local Access Point or housing provider.

Topics that support CES activities will, at minimum, include:

- Diversion/Rapid Exit for housing providers
- Mainstream benefits and resources: deeper dive
- Harm Reduction focused on Access Points, to prevent barriers to entry
- Conflict mediation and de-escalation
- Serving survivors of domestic violence
- Safety Planning
- Trauma-informed care
- Housing Mediation
- Fair Housing Rights
- Strengths-based "Person Centered" approach to assessment

Approved and adopted the 23th of October 2024 by the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition Board.

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Appendix 1 – Coordinated Entry Memorandum of Understanding for Cooperating Agencies

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

Between

The Department of Health Services as Lead Agency for the Homeless Coalition
AND
Cooperating Agency:
Agency Name

This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is entered into on	by the Department of
Health Services (DHS) as Lead Agency for the Sonoma County Home	less Coalition and
(Cooperating Agency).	
	th DUC and the Onesates
(Cooperating Agency) Agrees to work in partnership w	
of the Sonoma County's Homeless Coalition Coordinated Entry Syste	em (CES).

BACKGROUND

Provisions in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Continuum of Care (CoC)

Program and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program interim rules require that all CoCs establish a

coordinated entry system by January 23, 2018. As a result, the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition Board has also adopted the Coordinated Entry System (CES) requirement for their grantees.

The Homeless Coalition CES is designed to assess and assist in meeting the housing needs of people at–risk of homelessness and people experiencing homelessness no matter where or how people present. CES is a collaborative effort between homeless assistance organizations, domestic violence Cooperating Agencies and other mainstream services whose main function is to help people experiencing homelessness connect to the most appropriate housing intervention.

The Operator of the Coordinated Entry System is designated by the Sonoma County Homeless Coalition Board and is subcontracted with DHS. The Operator is charged with managing the daily activities associated with CES planning, implementation, operations, and evaluation. DHS will ensure that the following requirements of CES are met:

- Covers the entire geographic area claimed by the Homeless Coalition;
- Easily accessed by individuals and families seeking housing our services;
- Well advertised:
- Includes a comprehensive assessment of individuals and families for housing and services;
- Includes a specific policy to guide the operation of the coordinated entry assessment system to

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address the needs of individuals and families who are fleeing, or attempting to flee, domestic

violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, but who are seeking shelter or services from non-victim specific providers.

Cooperating Agencies in the Homeless Coalition CES agree to work collaboratively with DHS and the CES Operator to assist in accomplishing the aforementioned requirements of CES.

PURPOSE

The Homeless Coalition has established a service strategy for CES that reflects local community resources, participant needs, provider capacity and unique Homeless Coalition geography characteristics to better serve participants through Coordinated Entry.

In order to ensure the consistent implementation of the guiding document "Homeless Coalition CES Policies and Procedures", the DHS has developed several documents, including this Agreement, to establish standard local agreements for the implementation of this Homeless Coalition CES. Additionally, this Agreement ensures that all providers in this Homeless Coalition are using the Coordinated Entry System in an open, transparent, and consistent way.

Description of Access Point Types

Access Point Type	Description
External Access Point	External Access Points provide the full CES Assessment to ALL participants who present to them seeking CES Access within their "catchment" area, regardless of location that individual spends most of their time in, enrollment status in the Access Point provider's programs, or population type. External Access Points that are dedicated to one of the 5 HUD allowable subpopulations (see CPD-17-01 II.B.2) may conduct a warm handoff to connect the individual to
	an appropriate External Access Point. CES Assessment can occur over the phone or in person. It may be provided by appointment only or as drop-in capacity. Examples: An Access Point may include a homeless services drop in center, outreach team, or shelter that has the capacity to offer CES Assessment to any individual or
	household who presents to them seeking it.
Internal Access Point	Internal Access Points agree to provide the CES Assessment to their own served participants.
	Examples: An emergency shelter that is not able to support walk-ins, or a street outreach team whose

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Access Point Type	Description
	geographic "catchment" area changes day-by-day and is
	not able to respond to individual CES Assessment requests.
Housing Program	CES Housing Programs participate in CES. Their Access
	Point requirement is to provide the CES Assessment to
	participants they are exiting into homelessness.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties to this MOU set forth the following as the terms and conditions of their understanding:

Coonerating A	Agency operates a program	or site that is a	(check all that ann	lv)
Cooperating F	agenity oberates a brogram	oi site that is a	i Ciieck aii tiiat aiii	<i>)</i> I V I I

🗆 1) CES Exter	nal Access Poin
🗆 2) CES Interi	nal Access Point
3) CES Hous	ing Program

The definitions of the above Access Points (inclusive of CES Housing Programs) can be found in the CES Policies and Procedures. Cooperating Agency agrees to the terms and conditions as described below corresponding to each selected Access Point type above. Terms and conditions as described below that correspond to any Access Point type above that is not selected are not applicable.

The Cooperating Agency's CES External Access Point(s), CES Internal Access Point(s), and CES Housing Program(s) (applicable to agencies who check boxes 1,2, and 3) will:

1) l	Provide a point of contact to participate in the Homeless Coalition's Coordinated Entry
	planning and management
	activities as established by Coalition leadership; this can be one contact for the agency or
	one for each participating program;

Provider Contact:	
Phone Number:	
Email:	

- 2) Notify the CES Operator of any changes to staffing that impact CES;
- 3) Ensure that all staff participating in CES attend at least annually a training on the system offered by the CES Operator;
- 4) Provide regular supervision of staff participating in CES;
- 5) Ensure adherence to necessary CES policies including non-discrimination and grievance, fair and equal access;
- 6) Distribute marketing materials provided by CES Operator to local stakeholders to ensure consistent and comprehensive communication about CES;
- 7) For each CES Case Conference, at least one representative from the Cooperating Agency will attend; this can be the agency POC (identified in 1) above), or a representative for each

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Access Point or Housing Provider program who is knowledgeable about participant cases identified for discussion ahead of the meeting by the Operator; required attendance may be excused in advance by the Operator, dependent on Cooperating Agency relevance to cases discussed:

- 8) Enter all data on participants in HMIS, as required by Homeless Coalition and HMIS data timeliness, completeness, and quality standards;
- 9) Maintain confidential records of participants entered into HMIS anonymously, and when those participants are referred to housing, Cooperating Agency will contact the participant and with their consent connect them to the housing provider via warm hand-off;
- 10) Provide feedback on ongoing operation to CES Operator;
- 11) Provide contact info of current and past participants who have engaged with CES to Operator when Operator completes bi-annual participant feedback gathering;
- 12) Review any reports from the Homeless Coalition on the performance of the agency in CES; and
- 13) Ensure that the agency is meeting local performance standards for CES;
- 14) If a participant is fleeing domestic violence, or is a family with children, will offer to either conduct the CES Assessment or conduct a warm hand-off to the Access Point that is dedicated to that population;
- 15) If a participant known to the Cooperating Agency is referred to housing through CES, the Cooperating Agency will provide to the housing provider, as allowable by the CES and HMIS Release of Information, a warm hand-off connection to the housing provider, and all information and documentation necessary for a successful housing outcome;
- 16) Ensure all homeless and eligible participants of the Cooperating Agency in any program that is not an External or Internal Access Point or participating Housing Program are offered the CES Assessment as defined in the CES Policies and Procedures within 3 days of presenting to the agency, which can be accomplished by internal staff or warm handoffs to an external Access Point;
- 17) Refer participants to CES Operator to appeal any grievances related to CES that cannot be resolved by the Cooperating Agency's grievance and appeal process;
- 18) Operate in compliance with any applicable requirements or guidelines described in the (i) Federal, State, or County statutes, regulations, and administrative guidance (hereinafter "Applicable Regulations"); and (ii) CES Policies and Procedures.

The Cooperating Agency's External Access Point(s) (applicable to agencies who check box 1) will:

1) Provide the CE Assessment as defined in the CES Policies and Procedures to any household who qualifies for the CE Assessment and requests it from the Cooperating Agency within 3 business days of the request; OR if the External Access Point is dedicated to a specific HUD-defined Subpopulation (see CES Policies and Procedures) will link to the appropriate Access Point through warm hand-off (phone call or email).

The Cooperating Agency's Internal Access Point(s) (applicable to agencies who check box 2) will:

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- 1) Offer and complete the CE Assessment as defined in the CES Policies and Procedures to any household who qualifies for the CE Assessment and is served by one of the Cooperating Agency's programs, within 3 business days of enrollment.
- 2) Provide information on External Access Points to any household that presents seeking the CES Assessment that cannot be enrolled by the Internal Access Point.

The Cooperating Agency's CES Housing Program(s) (applicable to agencies who check box 3) will:

- 1) Provide written standards for participant eligibility and enrollment determination and Cooperating Agency grievance and appeal, including the enrollment rejection appeal process, to the Coordinated Entry Operator for publishing;
 - Multiple programs/types can be listed; please differentiate between type as needed (ie. Rapid-Rehousing, Permanent Supportive Housing and corresponding eligibility)
- 2) Notify the CES Operator of project vacancies as soon as those vacancies can be predicted and confirm vacancies when they appear for efficient system operation;
- 3) Limit project eligibility requirements to those that are required by funders;
- 4) Only enroll those participants referred according to the Homeless Coalition's designated CES referral strategy and via CES HMIS referral process;
- 5) Exhaust all options in attempting to enroll referred participants, and document all attempts as case notes in the HMIS CES program;
- 6) Only request to reject a referred participant for one of the allowable reasons in the CES Policies and Procedures:
- 7) Bring requested referral rejections to CES Case Conference, present all options explored to enroll the participant, and follow up on any additional solutions identified by community in CES Case Conference;
- 8) Only reject referred participants when that denial has been approved within the CES Case Conference or by the Coordinated Entry Advisory Committee appeals process;
- 9) Provide rejected participants the reason for rejection in writing, and the agency's appeal procedure;
- 10) Notify the CES Operator when a referred participant moves into permanent housing, so that Operator can exit the participants from CES program in HMIS;
- 11) Bring potential discharges into homelessness to CES Case Conference for problem solving or progressive engagement;
- 12) If a housing program must discharge any participant into homelessness, the program will offer and complete the CES Assessment as defined in the CES Policies and Procedures after discharge.

Monitoring and Compliance

To ensure adherence to the above terms and conditions for Agencies who check boxes 1,2, and/or 3, and remain in compliance with the CES Policies and Procedures, the DHS and Cooperating Agencies agree to the following:

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- 1) The CES Operator as subcontractor of the DHS, will monitor Cooperating Agencies participation through the following means, inclusive of but not exhaustive:
 - Data: To include Cooperating Agency rate of referral denials, comparison of data between Access Points to ensure standard participant experience; Cooperating Agency CES Case Conference attendance;
 - From time to time, and as needed, Operator will visit CES Access Points and "shadow" staff completing CES Assessments; Operator will give Cooperating Agency notice and opportunity to identify a time that is minimally impactful on Access Point operations;
 - Operator will seek participant feedback about quality and standard of CES Assessments;
- 2) When noncompliance with the above applicable terms and conditions for Agencies who check boxes 1, 2, and/or 3 is identified, CES Operator will offer any technical assistance and training needed to the Cooperating Agency to support with compliance; Operator will report these activities and progress towards compliance to DHS at minimum quarterly;
- 3) When noncompliance with the above applicable terms and conditions for Agencies who check boxes 1, 2, and/or 3, and are contracted to provide CES Access Point and Housing services with DHS, is identified, and Operator efforts to support with training and technical assistance have not resolved the compliance issue, DHS will act in accordance with its contract monitoring responsibilities;
- 4) When noncompliance with the above applicable terms and conditions for Agencies who check boxes 1, 2, and/or 3, and are not contracted to provide CES Access Point or Housing services with the DHS, is identified, and Operator efforts to support with training and technical assistance have not resolved the compliance issue within 90 days, this MOU may be terminated and the Cooperating Agency may lose its CES Access Point status.

CONFIDENTIALITY

All parties agree that they shall be bound by and shall abide by all applicable Federal or State statutes or

regulations pertaining to the confidentiality of participant records or information, including volunteers. The parties shall not use or disclose any information about a recipient of the services provided under this agreement for any purpose connected with the parties' contract responsibilities, except with the written consent of such recipient, recipient's attorney, or recipient's parent or guardian.

EOUAL OPPORTUNITY

DHS and Cooperating Agency mutually agree to be bound by and abide by all applicable antidiscrimination statues, regulations, policies, and procedures as may be applicable under any Federal or State contracts, statutes, or regulations, or otherwise as presently or hereinafter adopted by the agency.

INCONSISTENCY WITH APPLICABLE LAW

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If any inconsistency exists or arises between a provision of this MOU and a provision of any Applicable Law, the provisions of the Applicable Law shall control.

TERMS OF AGREEMENT

This MOU shall be effective upon adoption by each signatory agency and entity. The agreement shall remain in effect until termination by either parties or upon expiration of the period of performance.

Termination. Any party may terminate this MOU for any reason or no reason by giving the other parties ninety (90) days prior written notice. The party wishing to terminate this agreement for cause must provide a written intent to terminate notice to the party in breach or default. The notice will provide thirty (30) days for the party in breach or default to respond to said notice with an acceptable plan to cure cause for termination

Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is judged invalid by any court, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect and be interpreted, performed and enforced as if the invalid provisions were not part of this Agreement.

Cooperating Agency:	Department of Health Services, Homeless Services
	Division as Lead Agency for the Sonoma County
	Homeless Coalition
Signed:	Signed:
Print Name:	Print Name:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:

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Appendix 2 – Additional CES Resources

For additional CES documents and resources, including copies of the VI-SPDAT and system flow charts, please visit the following web page: https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/development-services/continuum-of-care/compliance

Coordinated Entry Policies and Procedures

Appendix 3 – History of Updates Since June 2022

- June 22 2022: significant revisions throughout, representing major rewrite of most Policies and Procedures.
- July 27 2022: addition of a "Move On Transfer" policy and procedure to the document.
- August 24 2022:
 - Clarification to Assessment eligibility to define those who are already in a housing program as not being eligible.
 - Clarification of "Universal Referral Procedure" to limit additional referrals for the same person past 24 hours, and identify process for participants to choose between available referrals.
 - Revisions to the "Prioritization for Other Housing Projects" policy to identify factors and process for determining score ranges.
 - Clarification to "By Name List Management and Inactive Policy" procedure for participants who have a referral rejected due to not being able to contact.

October 26, 2022:

- Removed 1 year required timeline for completing the Standardized Assessment Tool (the VI-SPDAT).
- Policy added to the CES By-Name-List Management policy that participants will be discharged from CES programs after 365 days of no contact with the system. Added clarification that participants must be within the geographic bounds of the Homeless Coalition or have a plan to return within 90 days.
- Enhanced Prioritization: references to the SPDAT were been removed, and clarification about the credentials of who can create prioritization documentation were added.

November 30, 2023:

 A change to allow referrals for Transitional Aged Youth (TAY) who meet category 2 (Imminent Risk of Homelessness) of HUD's definition of homelessness to specific Rapid Rehousing programs, and TAY in that category to be enrolled in CES.

February 2, 2023:

- Added new category of CES Cooperating Agency called an "Information Sharing Partner.
- Added a procedure for adding new CES Cooperating Agencies, the trainings required for some categories, and that all Cooperating Agencies must be a legal entity.
- o Clarified the number of referral that will be sent per program opening per week.
- Added a requirement that participants have 2 business days after an initial housing offer is made to decide whether they will accept.
- Added a timeline for pending referrals before rejection can occur.
- Added a procedure for enforcing accountability to data quality that removes CES access after repeated infractions.
- o Clarified when referrals would be retracted by Operator.

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 Changed all references to the Community Development Commission to Lead Agency.

May 24, 2023:

- Included a minimum location standard in the "Unknown/Disappeared" Rejection
 Standard that defines the minimum attempts to contact a referred participant each program must complete before rejecting the referral.
- Included Domestic Violence status as equally prioritized with Chronic Homelessness status for Permanent Supportive Housing referrals when the project eligibility allows.

• September 27th, 2023:

 The Privacy Protections policy was amended to restrict diagnoses and victim status from being named in Coordinated Entry HMIS case notes or the CES Case Conference.

October 25th, 2023:

 Only participants with "Verified Contact Information" will be referred to housing opportunities going forward. Language added that defines Verified Contact Information, and outlines a process to collect this information and proactively search for participants up for referral without this.

February 24th, 2024

- A new policy was added emphasizing the importance of housing providers acting within 30 days on referrals. Also adds a procedure in which referrals without activity for more than 30 days will be retracted, and projects with multiple instances of timeliness issues will be required to meet with the CES Operator before additional referrals can be made.
- The Rejection of Referrals procedure was modified such that housing providers should communicate with the CES Operator by noon the day before a CES Case Conference if they wish to add a referral to the agenda. In addition, the procedure requires a one week window between when a referral is requested to be rejected due to inability to contact the participant and when the referral is discussed for final rejection at CES Case Conference.

May 2024

- "By-Name-List" was updated to include "CES By-Name-List" where applicable to differentiate between different county-wide By-Name-Lists.
- Changes were made throughout the document in alignment with Dynamic Prioritization: allowing for a "priority group" to be established each month of participants likely to be referred, establishing a process to collect those participants' preferences among available housing options, and sending referrals based on those preferences. Relevant terms were added to Definitions.
- Updates made throughout to align with new Sonoma County Street Outreach Standards: "Collaboration with Street Outreach and Virtual Entry"; Definitions, "Warm Handoff"; "Collection of Initial Eligibility Documents".

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- Removed all references to a 25% cap on referrals for people who were prioritized through the Enhanced Assessment process.
- o Removed reference to "housing in hand" step down schedule for RRH referrals.
- July 2024
 - Added a policy and procedure allowing 3 referrals per open unit for Other Permanent Housing Projects without supportive services.
- October 2024
 - Clarification added to the PSH prioritization that for the purposes of PSH prioritization and eligibility referral screening, Chronic Homeless status need only to be met by the time the household is projected to be enrolled in the project they are being referred to.